

Profiles of Speakers

Arimoto, Yutaka

Yutaka Arimoto is a Japan Society for the Promotion of Science (JSPS) research fellow in Faculty of Economics, University of Tokyo. He is a participant of the project "Economics of Foreign Aid" undertaken at the Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI). His other research interests include development microeconomics analysis of developing Japan. He analyzed the characteristics of the unique agrarian tenancy contract and the determinants of contract choice in prewar Japan. Recently, he is working on an overview of microfinance in prewar Japan and the role of the community in economic development. He completed his Ph.D. in Agricultural Economics from University of Tokyo in 2006. His recent publications include:

"State-Contingent Rent Reduction and Tenancy Contract Choice," Journal of Development Economics 76(2), 355-375, 2005.

"The Role of Transaction Costs and Community in the Tenancy Contract Choice: The Case of Prewar Japan," (with Tetsuji Okazaki and Masaki Nakabayashi), mimeo, 2006.

Etsudillo, P. Jonna

Jonna P. Estudillo is a Faculty Fellow of the Foundation for Advanced on International Development (FASID) and Associate Professor at the National Graduate Institute for Policy Studies (GRIPS). For five years, she served as an Associate Professor at the School of Economics of the University of the Philippines. Her research interests include gender and development, income and poverty dynamics, and impacts of Green Revolution. Her publications include

"Green Revolution, Human Capital, Off-farm Employment: Changing Sources of Income Among Farm Households in Central Luzon, 1966-94," (with Keiji Otsuka), Economic Development and Cultural Change 47(3), 1999.

"Gender Differences in Land Inheritance and Schooling Investments in the Rural Philippines," (with Agnes Quisumbing and Keiji Otsuka), Land Economics 77(1), 2001.

Land and Schooling: Transferring Wealth across Generations, (with Agnes Quisumbing and Keiji Otsuka) Johns Hopkins University Press, 2004.

"Socioeconomic Changes and the Decline in Poverty: A View from Three Villages in the Philippines, 1985-97," (with Yasuyuki Sawada, and Mahabub Hossain), Asian Economic Journal 19(4), 383-406 2005.

"The Green Revolution, Development of Labor Markets, and Poverty Reduction in the Rural Philippines, 1985-2004," (with Yasuyuki Sawada and Keiji Otsuka), Agricultural Economics 35, Supplement 3, 399-406, November 2006.

Hansen, Henrik

Henrik Hansen is professor at the Institute of Food and Resource Economics, University of Copenhagen. From the spring of 2005 to the spring of 2007 he was an academic advisor at the Center for Analysis and Forecasting, the Vietnamese Academy of Social Sciences, where he focused on micro-econometric analyses of the poverty in Vietnam. His research interests include empirical analyses of the allocation and macroeconomic impact of foreign aid. His publications on foreign aid include

"US Politics and World Bank IDA-Lending," Journal of Development Studies 42(5): 772-794, 2006. (with Thomas Barnebeck Andersen and Thomas Markussen)

"On the empirics of foreign aid and growth," Economic Journal, 114 (June), F191-F216, 2004. (with Carl-Johan Dalgaard and Finn Tarp)

"Aid and growth regressions," Journal of Development Economics, 64, 547-570, 2001. (with Finn Tarp)

“On aid, growth and good policies,” *Journal of Development Studies*, 37(6): 17-41, 2001. (with Carl-Johan Dalgaard)

Hasegawa, Junichi

Junichi Hasegawa is a research professor in the Center for Study of East Asian Development, Kitakyushu. He is a member of the project “Economics of Foreign Aid” undertaken at the Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI). His research interests are effects of institutions on development, and relations between development and governance. He spent 30 years with Japan Bank for International Cooperation (JBIC). His posts there include a Chief Representative in Washington DC and a Director General of Assistant Strategy. He holds M.A. in Development Economics from Keio University, and Ph.D. in International Cooperation from Tokyo University. His recent publications are;

“Keizai Hatten to Shakai Seido – Black Box wa Hirakaretaka?,” [Economic Development and Social Institutions – Was Black Box Opened?], *Sekai Keizai Hyouron*, 48 (12), 43-51, 2004.

“ODA Kaikaku – Wagakuni Enjo Seisaku no Tenkan to Sono Keizaiteki Igi,” (with Kohama Hirohisa), [ODA Reform – Japan’s Aid Policy Change and its Implications in Economics], *Working Paper*, #03-03, University of Shizuoka, 1-30, 2004.

“Japan’s New Role for Regional Social Development in Asia,” in *The New Social Policy Agenda in Asia*, Asian Development Bank and World Bank, Asian Development Bank and World Bank, 94-95, 2000.

“Jiritu eno Michi – Jordan niokeru Sangyou Seisaku,” [Road to Self-Support – Industrial Policies of Jordan], *OECF News Letter*, 1998-Feb., 18-19, 1998.

“Comments on International Cooperation in Development,” in Gustav Ranis eds., *Japan and the US in the Developing World*, International Center for Economic Growth (ICEG), 178-181, 1997.

Kalirajan, Kaliappa

Kalirajan is a professorial fellow at the Foundation for Advanced Studies on International Development (FASID) and jointly a professor of international development studies at the National Graduate Institute for Policy Studies (GRIPS). He received his PhD in Economics from the Australian National University in 1979. His areas of major interest include macroeconomic and trade policies and reform, poverty reduction, and technology issues. He has several research publications in these areas in reputed academic and policy-oriented journals. He has authored and edited 12 books. He has taught and supervised students for PhD in Economics in the following universities in India, Singapore, Philippines, Australia, and Japan: Madurai University; National University of Singapore; University of the Philippines; The Australian National University; and National Graduate Institute for Policy Studies. He is also an adjunct professor at the Madras School of Economics, Chennai, India. He is serving in the editorial board of the following journals: *Agricultural Economics*; *Australian Journal of Agricultural and Resource Economics*; *The Developing Economies*; and *The Journal of Applied Economic Research*. He has been a consultant to different national and international organizations. His recent publications include the followings:

A Disequilibrium Macroeconometric Model for India, (with S. Bhide), Ashgate, U.K., 2003.

“Regional Cooperation and Bilateral Trade Flows: An Empirical Measurement of Resistance,” *The International Trade Journal* 21(2), 85-107.

“Bias Free Measurement of Technical Efficiency,” (with S. Bhide), *Journal of Applied Statistics* 33(5), 523-533, 2006.

“Gauging the Sources of Growth of High-tech and Low-tech Industries: The Case of Korean Manufacturing,” (with Chia-Hung Sun), *Australian Economic Papers*, 44(2), 170-185 2005.

“An Analysis of India’s Reform Dynamics,” *Oxford Development Studies*, 32(1), 119-134, 2004.

Kasuga, Hidefumi

Hidefumi Kasuga is an associate professor in Faculty of Economics, Kansai University. His research interests include aid, foreign direct investment and technology transfer, international capital flows, theory of multinational firms, and corruption in developing countries. He completed his Ph.D. in Economics from Osaka University in 1999. His publications include:

“Evaluating the impacts of foreign direct investment, aid and saving in developing countries,” Journal of International Money and Finance 26, 213-228, 2007.

“Saving-investment correlations in developing countries,” Economics Letters 83, 371-376, 2004.

“Capital market imperfections and forms of foreign operations,” International Journal of Industrial Organization 21, 1043-1064, 2003.

Kimura, Hidemi

Hidemi Kimura, a Japanese National, is currently a research fellow at the Research Institute of Economy, Trade, and Industry (RIETI) in Japan. She is a co-leader of the project “Economics of Foreign Aid” undertaken at RIETI. Prior to her current position at RIETI, she worked for the World Bank in Washington, D.C., for three years. Before joining the World Bank, she worked at various positions at the Ministry of Finance, Japanese Government, such as Deputy Director of Government Financial Institution Division, Managing Director of Fujieda Local Tax Office at National Tax Agency, and Deputy Director of Overall Coordination Division. She received her MBA from the Fuqua School of Business, Duke University, in 1994 and her BA in international relations from the University of Tokyo in 1990. Her recent publications include:

“Is Foreign Aid a Vanguard of FDI? A Gravity-Equation Approach,” (with Yasuyuki Todo), RIETI Discussion Paper Series 07-E-007.

“Aid Proliferation and Economic Growth,” (with Yasuyuki Sawada and Yuko Mori), RIETI Discussion Paper Series forthcoming.

“On the Role of Technical Cooperation in International Technology Transfers,” (with Yasuyuki Sawada and Ayako Matsuda), RIETI Discussion Paper Series forthcoming.

Kono, Hisaki

Hisaki KONO is a researcher in Institute of Developing Economies (IDE). His other research interests include microfinance, field experiments, contract theory and political economy of economic integration. Recently, he conducted a framed field experiment on microfinance in Vietnam to study the effect of joint liability on strategic default. Currently, he is organizing natural field experiments on microfinance and microinsurance in India. He completed his M.A. and Ph.D. in Economics from University of Tokyo in 2001 and 2006, respectively. His recent publications include:

“Heterogeneous Contests and Less Informative Signals,” (with N. Yagi), Japanese Economic Review, forthcoming.

“Employment with connection: Negative Network Effects,” Journal of Development Economics 81(1), 244-258, October 2006.

Kurokawa, Kiyoko

Kiyoko Kurokawa is a Senior Advisor of Institute for International Cooperation, JICA (Japan International Cooperation Agency). He completed his B.A. in Socio Economic Planning from University of Tsukuba in 1981.

Work experience

2007- Senior Advisor, Institute for International Cooperation, JICA.
2005-2007 Team Director, Programme Team II (Citizen participation programme), JICA Sapporo
2004-2005 Team Director, SME (Small and Medium-sized Enterprise) Development Team,
Economic Development Department, JICA
2002-2004 Deputy Director, Middle East and Europe Division, JICA
2000-2002 Natural Resources & Energy Development Department, JICA
1998-2000 JICA Expert, Sino-Japanese Friendship Center for Environmental Protection (Beijing)
1995-1998 Assistant Resident Representative, JICA UK office (London)
1993-1995 Grant Aid Study Department, JICA
1981-1993 Project finance department, Representative of Shanghai and Dalian office, Mitsui Bank Ltd.

Teaching experience:

2007- Introduction to International Economic Cooperation, Hokkaido University
2005-2006 Japanese International Cooperation, Today, Hokkaido University

Presentations:

2006 'Education for Sustainable Society' Hokkaido University Inter-department Graduate study in Sustainability
2005 'Issues and Concept of Assistance for SME Promotion' Alliance for Research on North Africa, University of Tsukuba
2005 'New JICA and Biomass related Projects' Biomass Asia Workshop organized by National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST) etc.

Kurosaki, Takashi

Takashi Kurosaki is professor at the Institute of Economic Research, Hitotsubashi University. He completed his Ph.D. at the Food Research Institute, Stanford University in 1995. His research career started in 1987 as a researcher on the economies of the South Asia region at the Institute of Developing Economies. He moved to the Institute of Economic Research, Hitotsubashi University in 1997, where he has been conducting both theoretical and empirical work from a microeconomic angle on questions of economic development in LDCs where absolute poverty is widespread. His research to date can be largely divided into two areas. The first area is modeling economic behavior under risk and the empirical application of these models in the context of rural communities in South Asia. More recently, he has tried to combine the analysis of poverty with the question of how to analyze the economic vulnerability of households. His second major research area is the empirical analysis of market development in low-income economies using historical statistics. The area on which he is concentrating most of his efforts at the moment is empirical research based on field surveys conducted in Pakistan and India. With regard to Pakistan, he is conducting research related to community development and the devolution policy commenced as part of the ODA efforts by the Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA) there. As for India, he is implementing two field surveys: one on the informal transportation sector in Delhi, and the other in rural Andhra Pradesh that focuses on child labor, credit constraints, and intrahousehold resource allocation. Apart from this, he is involved in research on the relationship between constraints on small and medium enterprises in Pakistan and the credit market and human capital; the long-term growth process of agriculture in India and Pakistan; and empirical work on the rural economy in Myanmar. His recent publications include:

"The Measurement of Transient Poverty: Theory and Application to Pakistan," Journal of Economic Inequality 4(3), 325-345, 2006.

"Gender Discrimination, Intrahousehold Resource Allocation, and Importance of Spouses' Fathers: Evidence on Household Expenditure from Rural India," (with N. Fuwa, S. Ito, K. Kubo, and Y. Sawada), Developing Economies 44(4), 398-439, 2006.

"Child Labor and School Enrollment in Rural India: Whose Education Matters?," (with N. Fuwa, S. Ito, K. Kubo, and Y. Sawada), Developing Economies 44(4), 440-464, 2006.

"On the Mother and Child Labor Nexus under Credit Constraints: Findings from Rural India," (with N. Fuwa, S. Ito, K. Kubo, and Y. Sawada), Developing Economies 44(4), 465-499, 2006.

"Consumption Vulnerability to Risk in Rural Pakistan," Journal of Development Studies 42(1), 70-89, 2006.

"Human Capital, Productivity, and Stratification in Rural Pakistan," (with Humayun Khan) Review of Development Economics 10(1), 116-134, 2006.

"Determinants of Collective Action under Devolution Initiatives: The Case of Citizen Community Boards in Pakistan," Pakistan Development Review 44(3), 253-270, 2005.

"Specialization and Diversification in Agricultural Transformation: The Case of West Punjab, 1903-1992," American Journal of Agricultural Economics 85(2), 372-386, 2003.

"Insurance Market Efficiency and Crop Choices in Pakistan," (with Marcel Fafchamps), Journal of Development Economics 67(2), 419-453, 2002.

Further information is available at <http://www.ier.hit-u.ac.jp/~kurosaki/>.

Matsuda, Ayako

Ayako Matsuda is a Ph. D candidate in Graduate School of Economics, the University of Tokyo and is a research assistant of RIETI. Her course of study includes emphasis on Development Economics and Applied Econometrics. She wrote a paper on one type of new formal insurance called weather insurance and found that the insurance would help people under some specific conditions in tenancy contract. She completed her M.A. in Economics from the University of Tokyo in 2007. Her papers include:

"On the Role of Technical Cooperation in International Technology Transfers," RIETI Discussion Paper forthcoming (with Yasuyuki Sawada and Hidemi Kimura).

"Public Provision of Weather Insurance under Tenancy Contract," M.A. Thesis, the University of Tokyo.

Momota, Akira

Akira Momota is an associate professor in College of Economics, Osaka Prefecture University. His major research interests include macroeconomic theory, population economics, and public economics. In particular, recently, he is interested in (1) a relationship among fertility, mortality, education, health, and economic development in developing countries, and (2) effects of aging society (which is caused by a low fertility rate and increasing life expectancy) on an economic growth, social security systems, and debt sustainability in developed countries. He completed his B.A in Economics from Kyoto University in 1994 and Ph.D. in Economics from Osaka University in 1998. His recent publications include:

"A Risk on Health Conditions and an Efficiency of Social Security Systems," Japanese Economic Review, 53(3), 2002. 350-367, (with Yasuo Maeda).

"A Retirement Decision in the Presence of a Social Security System," Journal of Macroeconomics, 25(1), 2003, 73-86.

"The Effect of Solvency Regulation to a Bank," Japan and the World Economy, 16(2), 2004, 163-191, (with Yasuo Maeda).

"Demographic Structure, International Lending and Borrowing in Growing Interdependent Economies," Journal of the Japanese and International Economies, 19(1), 2005, 135-162, (with Koichi Futagami).

"Infectious Disease and Preventive Behavior in an Overlapping Generations Model," Journal of Economic Dynamics and Control, 29(10), 2005, 1673-1700, (with Ken Tabata and Koichi Futagami).

Mori, Yuko

Yuko Mori is a Ph.D candidate in Faculty of Economics, Hitotsubashi University. She is a research assistant of the project "Economics of Foreign Aid" undertaken at the Research Institute of Economy,

Trade and Industry (RIETI). Her other research interests include distributional consequences of different political systems, decentralization and local governance in developing countries and civil conflict. She completed her M.A. in Economics from Hitotsubashi University in 2007. Her recent papers include:

"Aid Proliferation and Economic Growth," RIETI Discussion Paper Series forthcoming (with Yasuyuki Sawada and Kimura Hidemi).

"Democracy, Economic Growth and Redistribution," M.A. Thesis, the University of Hitotsubashi, (in Japanese).

Naito, Takumi

Takumi Naito is an Associate Professor at Department of Social Engineering, Tokyo Institute of Technology. After getting a Ph.D. in Economics at Osaka University in 1999, he has been examining theoretically how tariff and tax reform affects long-run growth and welfare of developing countries. He has also recently started formulating a theory of foreign aid and long-run growth. In 2005, he won the first IEFS Japan Young Economists Award. He will be a Visiting Scholar at UCSD IR/PS for two years from February 2008 with the JSPS Postdoctoral Fellowship for Research Abroad. Some recent publications and working papers:

"Growth, revenue, and welfare effects of tariff and tax reform: win-win-win strategies," Journal of Public Economics 90(6-7), 1263-1280, 2006.

"Tariff and tax reform: dynamic implications," Journal of International Economics 68(2), 504-517, 2006.

"Revenue-neutral tariff reform and growth in a small open economy," Journal of Development Economics 71(1), 213-232, 2003.

"Aid, nontraded goods, and growth," available at SSRN: <<http://ssrn.com/abstract=984804>>, 2007.

"Aid, growth, and welfare in an interdependent world economy," available at SSRN: <<http://ssrn.com/abstract=984802>>, 2007 (with Ryoji Ohdoi).

Nishiyama, Akira

Akira Nishiyama is an associate professor at the Faculty of Policy Management at Keio University in Japan. His fields of research interests include economic growth, inequality, poverty, model uncertainty in growth empirics and macroeconomics of developing countries. He received a Ph.D. in economics from the University of Nottingham in the U.K in 2002. In 2002-2003, he was a non-resident research fellow at the World Institute for Development Economics Research (WIDER) of the United Nations University in Helsinki in Finland. His selected publications are:

"Economic Growth, Income Distribution and Poverty: Time-series and Cross-country Evidence from the Franc Zone Countries of Sub-Saharan Africa" (with Michael Bleaney) in David Fielding (ed.), *Macroeconomic Policy in the Franc Zone*, Palgrave Macmillan, 2005.

"Some International Evidence on Poverty Alleviation and Economic Growth", European Journal of Development Research 16 (4), 827-844, 2004 (with Michael Bleaney).

"Income Inequality and Growth: Does the Relationship Vary with the Income Level?," Economics Letters 84 (3), 349-355, 2004 (with Michael Bleaney).

"Convergence in Income Inequality: Differences Between Advanced and Developing Countries", Economics Bulletin 4 (22), 1-10, 2003 (with Michael Bleaney).

"Explaining Growth: A Contest Between Models", Journal of Economic Growth, Vol.7, No.1, pp.43-56, 2002 (with Michael Bleaney).

Rahman, Aminur

Aminur Rahman is an investment policy officer in Foreign Investment Advisory Service, The World Bank Group. His research interests include applied microeconometrics, development economics, and political economy. He completed his Masters in Economics from Dhaka University, MSc in Development Economics from Oxford University, and currently he is a PhD candidate in the Department of Economics, University College London. In the World Bank Group, he is working on a number of projects on investment climate and leading projects on Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) of private sector development in Bangladesh, Sierra Leone, and Madagascar. He previously worked with the DECRG of the World Bank, International Food Policy Research Institute, and the World Institute of Development Economics Research. Some of his recent publications include:

"Donor Fragmentation and Bureaucratic Quality in Aid Recipients," (with Steve Knack), Journal of Development Economics, vol. 83, pp. 176-197, May 2007.

"Donor Fragmentation," (with Steve Knack), in William Easterly edited, *Reinventing Foreign Aid*, MIT Press (forthcoming)

"Aid Fragmentation in Transition Countries", (with Steve Knack), *Western Aid in Transition Countries*, Palgrave Macmillan (forthcoming).

Resolving the HIPC Problem-Is Good Policy Enough? (with Tony Addison), in Tony Addison, Henrik Hansen and Finn Tarp edited, *Debt Relief for Poor Countries*, Palgrave Macmillan, June, 2004.

"Why is so Little Spent on Educating the Poor?," (with Tony Addison), in Rolph van der Hoeven and Anthony Shorrocks edited, *Perspectives on Growth and Poverty*, United Nations University Press, September, 2003.

"Bangladesh-Combating Corruption," (with Kapil Kapoor and Gregory Kisunko), forthcoming in Akram, Tanweer, Hossain, Akhtar and Farida Khan edited, *Analytical Issues in the Development of Bangladesh*, Dhaka: University Press Ltd.

Roodman, David

David Roodman is a Research Fellow at the Center for Global Development, where he has been chief architect and project manager of the Commitment to Development Index since the project's inception in 2002. His interests include microfinance and the econometrics of foreign aid. Roodman co-authored an American Economic Review paper that challenged findings of World Bank research that aid works in a good policy environment. His current interests include microfinance. In 1998, he wrote *The Natural Wealth of Nations: Harnessing the Market for the Environment*. The Japanese edition garnered him a selection as one of "The Outstanding Young Persons" of 2003 by the Osaka Junior Chamber, which included an audience with the Emperor and Empress. Roodman spent academic year 1998-99 on a Fulbright in Vietnam. He has a degree in mathematics from Harvard College. Recent publications include:

"The Anarchy of Numbers: Aid, Development, and Cross-Country Empirics," World Bank Economic Review, forthcoming.

"Production-weighted Estimates of Aggregate Protection in Rich Countries toward Developing Countries," World Economy, June 2007.

"How to Do xtabond2: An Introduction to 'Difference' and 'System' GMM in Stata," Working Paper 103, December 2006.

"An Index of Donor Performance," Working Paper 67, Center for Global Development (CGD), Washington, DC, November 2006.

"Microfinance as Business," Working Paper 101, CGD, October 2006 (with Uzma Qureshi).

"The Commitment to Development Index: 2006 Edition," CGD, August 2006.

"Competitive Proliferation of Aid Projects: A Model," Working Paper 89, CGD, June 2006.

"Tax policies to promote private charitable giving in DAC countries," Working Paper 82, CGD, February 2006 (with Scott Standley).

"Aid Project Proliferation and Absorptive Capacity," Working Paper 75, CGD, January 2006.

Sawada, Yasuyuki

Yasuyuki Sawada is an associate professor in Faculty of Economics, University of Tokyo. He is a co-leader of the project "Economics of Foreign Aid" undertaken at the Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI). His other research interests include econometric investigations of household, firm, and community behavior by using micro-data from developing and developed countries such as Pakistan, the Philippines, Sri Lanka, Mongolia, India, Indonesia, Korea, Kenya and Japan. Particularly, he conducted an extensive household survey in Pakistan in order to uncover the relationship between income risks and household schooling decisions. Recently, he is analyzing the Kobe and Chuetsu earthquakes and the Asian Tsunami disaster. He also worked on the evaluation of school decentralization program in El Salvador, a.k.a., EDUCO program, in DECRG of the World Bank. He completed his M.A. in Food Research and Ph.D. in Economics from Stanford University in 1996 and 1999, respectively. His recent publications include:

"Exchange Rate Misalignment: A New Test of Long-Run PPP Based on Cross-Country Data," (with Pan A. Yotopoulos), Applied Financial Economics, 16: 127-134, 2006..

"The Determinants of Credit Access and Its Impacts on Micro and Small Enterprises: The Case of Garment Producers in Kenya," Economic Development and Cultural Change 54 (4), 927-944, 2006 (with John Akoten and Keijiro Otsuka).

"Whose Education Matters for Child Labor and School Enrollment? A Case of Rural Andhra Pradesh, India," (with Nobuhiko Fuwa, Seiro Ito, Kensuke Kubo, and Takashi Kurosaki), Developing Economies 64 (4), 440-64, 2006.

"The Degree of Precautionary Saving: Re-examination," (with Jeong-Joon Lee), Economics Letters 96 (2), 196-201, 2007.

"Did Public Transfers Crowd Out Private Transfers in Korea During the Financial Crisis?," (with Sung Jin Kang), forthcoming in Journal of Development Studies.

"Credit Crunch and Household Welfare: The Korean Financial Crisis," (with Sung Jin Kang), forthcoming, Japanese Economic Review.

Shinkai, Naoko

Naoko Shinkai is an associate professor at Graduate School of International Development, Nagoya University. She previously conducted impact assessment projects with Professor Sawada in Sri Lanka and Pakistan when she was serving as an economist at the Japan Bank for International Cooperation. Her current research interests lie in evaluations of development projects, effectiveness of development assistance, trade, poverty and related issues. She received Ph.D. in economics from the University of Michigan in 1999. Her recent works are found below.

"Examinations on Motives for Private Transfers in Vietnam," Forum of International Development Studies, 33, 43-58, 2007.

"Examinations on Motives for Private Transfers in Vietnam," Report on Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research (B), Regional Integration, Growth, Income Distribution and Poverty Reduction in East Asia: Econometric Analysis of CGE Model, 2007, (in Japanese).

"Infrastructure Development and Poverty Reduction: The Case of Vietnam," Forum of International Development Studies, 32, 23-36, 2006.

"A Role of Infrastructure for Poverty Reduction: An Impact Assessment of JBIC's Irrigation Projects in Sri Lanka and Pakistan," (with Y. Sawada, K. Shoji, S. Sugawara, and T. Katsurai), Kaihatsu Kinu

Kenkyu Syoho, 32, 34-69, 2006, (in Japanese).

“Infrastructure Development and Poverty Reduction: The Case of Vietnam”, Report on Grant-in-Aid for Scientific Research, Studies in Analytical Methods for Trade and Investment Liberalization’s Effects on Poverty Reduction in Globalized Economy, 2006, (in Japanese).

Takahashi, Motoki

TAKAHASHI Motoki is the Dean and a Professor of Graduate School of International Cooperation Studies, Kobe University. He is a member of the project “Economics of Foreign Aid” undertaken at the Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI). His main interest is in political economy of development in Sub-Saharan African countries. He has conducted field works and other research activities in Kenya, Tanzania, Zambia, Ghana, Ethiopia, South Africa, Pakistan, Argentina, and other developing countries. His academic concern is also in analyses of phenomena related to foreign aid including development coordination and aid harmonization, fungibility, and aid proliferation. He has been affiliated with various academic institutions other than Kobe University and RIETI including Economic Research Bureau of Dar es Salaam University, School of Oriental and African Studies of University of London, Institute of Developing Economies, Japan Institute of International Affairs, and National Museum of Ethnology. He has taken the charge of advisory tasks to various practical organizations such as Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA), and Japan Bank for International Cooperation (JBIC). He obtained his M.A. in International Affairs (African Studies) from School of Advanced International Studies, the Johns Hopkins University in 1991. His recent publications include:

“Development Coordination: A Challenge to Japan’s Development Assistance for Poor Countries.” GRIPS Development Forum Discussion Paper 12, 2005.

“Sector Programs in Africa: Development Partnership for Poverty Reduction” Technology and Development 16, 15-22, 2003.

“NEPAD and Governance in the Twenty-first Century” Japan Review of International Affairs 16 (4), 263-282, 2002.

“On Japanese Aid to Tanzania: Peculiarity, Problems, and Prospects” paper submitted to Economic Research Bureau, University of Dar es Salaam, pp.29-40, Tanzanian Economic Trends 15 (2), 2002.

“The Creation of the Developmental States: Arguments and the Reality in Africa” Kurimoto E. (ed.) *Rewriting Africa: Toward Renaissance or Collapse?* National Museum of Ethnology pp. 59—77, 2001.

“Can ‘the Miracle’ be Replicated?: Official Development Assistance and Technological Transfer from Japan to East Asia and Southern Africa.” Journal of Developing Societies 15, fasc.1 (Special Issue for Science and Technology in Southern Africa and East and South Asia. (with Sakano Taichi) 61—94, 1999.

Takase, Koichi

Koichi Takase is a professor in School of Commerce, Waseda University. His field of research is theoretical and empirical analysis of foreign aid. He has been devoting himself to a dynamic analysis of foreign aid, a series of theoretical studies on the efficiencies of aid based on overlapping generations models since he finished his Ph.D. in 1995 (Department of Economics, Boston University). He also has been conducting a strategic analysis of foreign aid for the past decade. His empirical research started as cross country comparisons of various ODA distributions, using ODA data sets by international institutions (such as DAC and World Bank). Recently, he has been trying to constructing a panel data set of Japanese ODA distributions, covering all the ODA flows, although some were (and still are) not open to the public (i.e. Technical Assistances by Japanese government ministries and agencies). His research is summarized as:

“Strategic Analysis of ODA Negotiations,” (with Toshiro Kikuchi), mimeo, Waseda University, 2007.

“Intertemporal Distribution of Foreign Aid,” mimeo, Waseda University, 2004.

"Rational Expectation, Perfect Foresight, and Financial Sector," Waseda Business and Economic Studies 38, 25-37, 2002.

"Foreign Aid and Social Loss Function," Waseda Business and Economic Studies 37, 37-51, 2001.

"Motives of Foreign Aid: A Simple Statistical Analysis," Fukuoka University Review of Economics 3 (No. 150), 265-282, 1996.

"Dynamic Implications of Foreign Aid to A Global Contraction Economy and A Small Open Economy," Discussion Paper No. 39, Faculty of Economics, Fukuoka University, 1996.

"Minimum Consumption, Development Trap and Voluntary Growth," Discussion Paper No. 38, Faculty of Economics, Fukuoka University, 1996.

"Motives of Donors and Uses of Foreign Aid: An Observation of Data," Waseda Business and Economic Studies, No 31, 137-163, 1996.

Todo, Yasuyuki

Yasuyuki Todo is an associate professor in the Graduate School of Frontier Sciences, the University of Tokyo. He holds a B.A. in Asian Studies from the University of Tokyo, an M.A. in international development from Stanford University, and a Ph.D. in economics from Stanford University. His major field of study is economic growth, development economics, and applied microeconometrics. His current research interest is on knowledge diffusion to less developed countries through foreign direct investment and foreign aid. In particular, he is engaged in research on impacts of technical assistance through foreign aid on local firms' productivity, using firm-level data from Indonesia and Thailand. His previous publications include:

"Knowledge Spillovers from Foreign Direct Investment in R&D: Evidence from Japanese Firm-Level Data," Journal of Asian Economics 17(6), 996-1013, 2006.

"Knowledge Spillovers from Multinational Enterprises and the Role of R&D Activities: Evidence from Indonesia," (with Koji Miyamoto), Economic Development and Cultural Change 55(1), 173-200, 2006.

"Technology Adoption in Follower Countries: With or Without Local R&D Activities?," Topics in Macroeconomics 5(1) Article 2, 1-32, 2005.

"Empirically Consistent Scale Effects: An Endogenous Growth Model with Technology Transfer to Developing Countries," Journal of Macroeconomics 25(1), 25-46, 2003.

Togo, Ken

Ken Togo is a professor in Faculty of Economics, Musashi University. He is a member of the project "Economics of Foreign Aid" undertaken at the Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry (RIETI). His other research interest is empirical analyses of industrial development and economic growth. He completed his M.A. in International and Development Economics and Ph.D. in Economics from Yale University in 1990 and 1996, respectively. His recent publications include:

"The Development of the Malaysian Plastic Industry," Malaysian Journal of Economic Studies, Vol. XXXIII, Number 1&2, June/December 2006, pp.97-111, 2006.

"Productivity Convergence in Japan's Manufacturing Industries," Economics Letters 75 (1), No.1, 61-67, March 2002, North-Holland, 2002.

"Agglomeration Effects vs. Policy Effects: The Case of the Electronics Industry in Malaysia," (with Yasuhiro Arikawa), Asian Economic Journal, September 2002, vol. 16, no. 3, pp. 229-245(17), Blackwell, Oxford, 2002.

Wada, Yoshio

Yoshio Wada is a professor in National Graduate Institute for Policy Studies, Japan. Until the end of June he was a director of evaluation office, Japan Bank for International Cooperation. He was in charge of official development assistance in OECF and JBIC for more than 20 years and had various positions in OECF and JBIC such as resident office in the Philippines, research institute, planning departments, credit risk analysis division, operations department covering India, Turkey, Nepal, Bhutan, Iran and evaluation office. His research interests include applied welfare economics (C-B analysis and poverty analysis), development aid, evaluation of aid, economic development of East Asian economies, analysis of public sector and governance. He completed his M.A. in Economics from the Johns Hopkins University in 1990.

Yamazaki, Koji

Koji Yamazaki is a professor in School of Economics, Kwansai Gakuin University. Before joining the faculty, he had been working as a researcher at Institute of Developing Economies (IDE), Tokyo. He organized two research projects on poverty at IDE, and co-edited the book, *Kaihatsu to Hinkon* (Development and Poverty). His research interests include economic growth and inequality, measurement of poverty and inequality, social capital, and dynamics of poverty. From 2000 to 2005, he was a member of the advisory committee on poverty alleviation at Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA), Tokyo. In 2004, he was a visiting scholar at Institute for Economic Development, Boston University. He completed his M.Sc. in Economics in 1992, and received his Ph.D. in Economics in 1997, both at University of Wisconsin-Madison. His recent publications include:

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