

International Symposium
Intellectual Property and East Asia Renaissance
"Intellectual Property and Global Economic Growth"

# Canon's Corporate Management and Intellectual Property in East Asia

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# Canon Management Philosoph



\* Canon estimates for 2006 data

#### Started with camera business in 1937

- = Management philosophy since start-up =
  - "Respect for human life and integrity"
  - "Compete with Canon's original technology"

#### Diversification by original technology

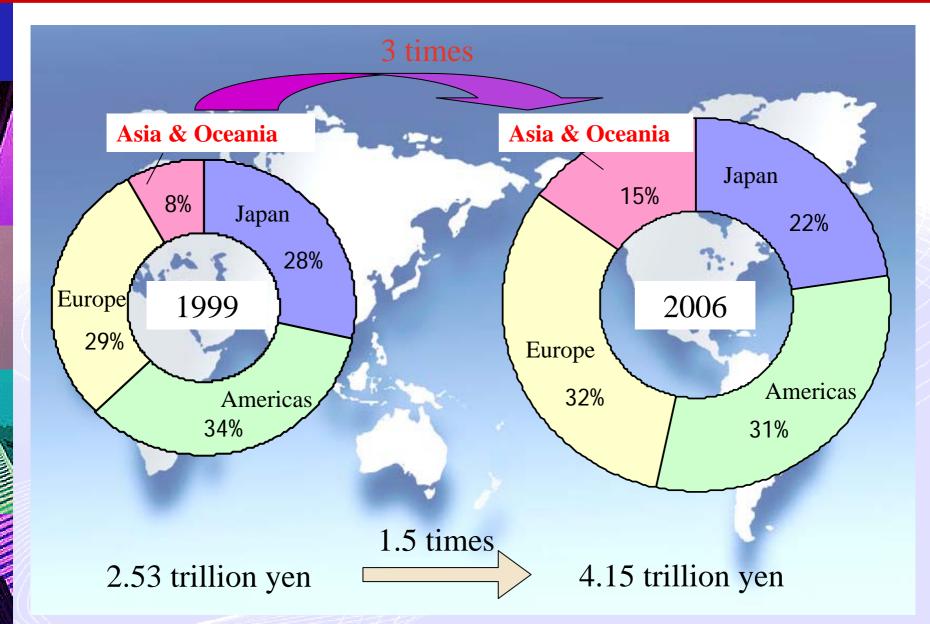


•	Digital cameras	22%
-	Plain paper copiers(PPC)	28%
-	LBP (color)	52%
-	LBP (monochrome)	60%
-	Large format LCD exposure systems	51%
-	TV Broadcasting lenses	60%
-	Image scanners	35%

Examples of failure due to original technology: Synchroreader, office computer, FLC and plenty more...

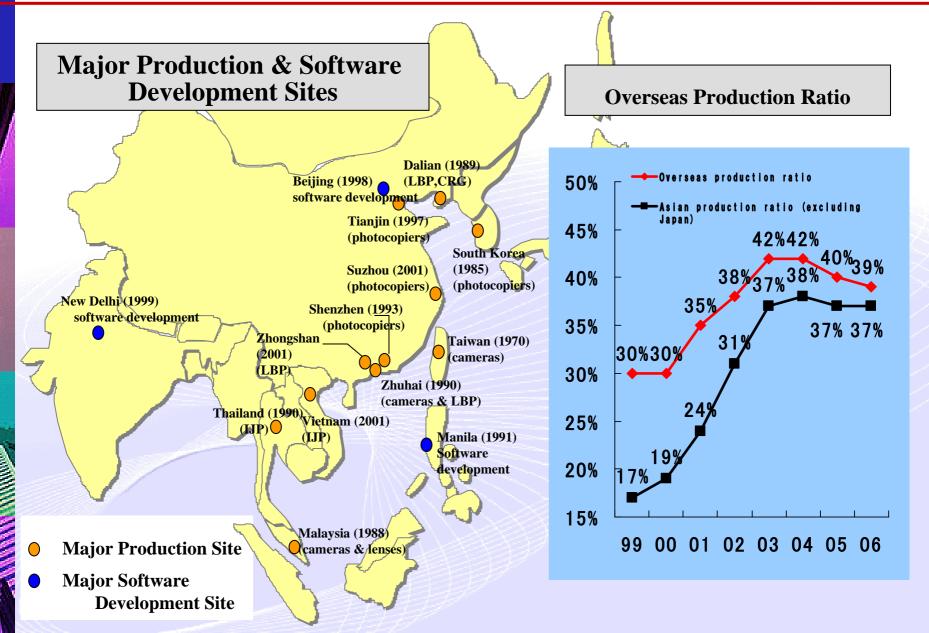
# Company Introduction Breakdown of Sales by Region (consolidated)





# Canon's Development into Asia





# Canon's Production Site Concept



#### Select production site based on characteristics of each product

## 1. Japan

- High value-added products (absorbing labor costs)
  - High quality photocopying machines, digital SLR cameras
- Products best fitting for full automation
  - Consumables, etc.

# 2. Asian Region

- Regional decentralization instead of concentration
  - To cope with unforeseen situations such as political instability, SARS, etc.
- Cost competitive products
  - Inkjet Printers, LBP (monochrome)

## Relocation of Production Sites



- -1970s 1980s
- •Since 1990s

- U.S.A. ⇒ Japan
- Japan  $\Rightarrow$  Asia (China, etc.)



#### =Rise of the Asian Region=

- Production site
- Improvement of technological strength
- Shift to a large consumption region (markets)

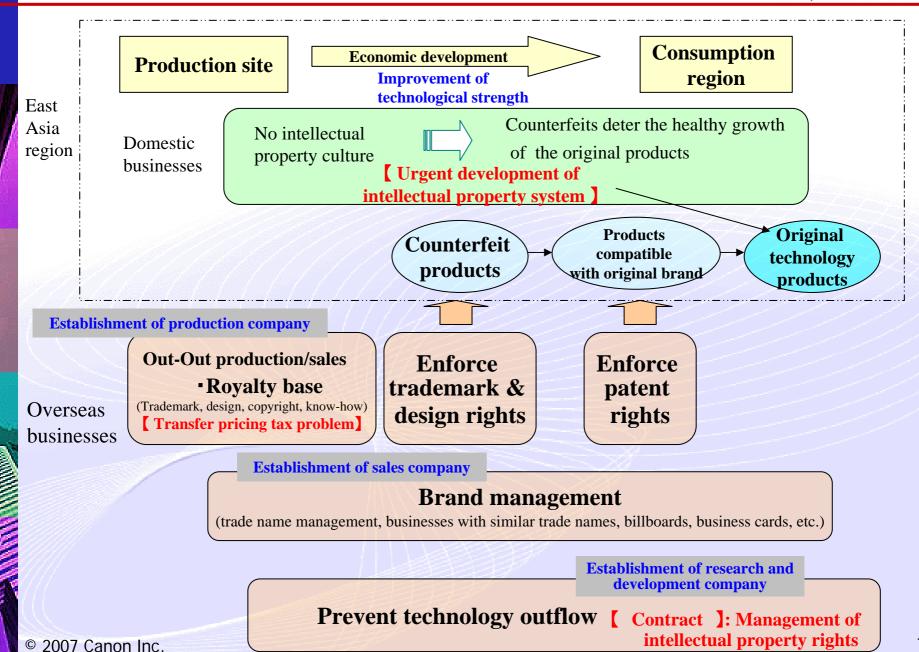
To strengthen international competitiveness:

- Create new knowledge (technology), produce new products, and develop new business
- Protect new business with intellectual property rights derived from this "knowledge"

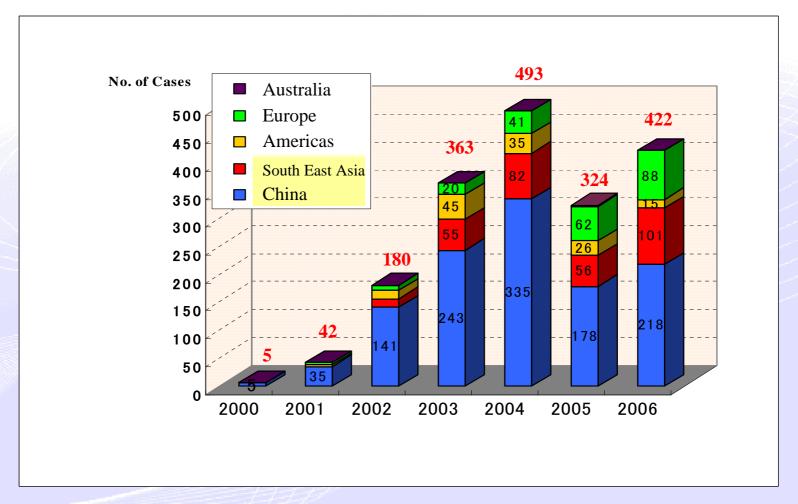
**Intellectual property based country** 

#### Economic Development & Intellectual Property





# Yearly progress by region



# Brand Management Initiatives



#### Within company

Authorized distributors

#### **Outside company**

**=Unauthorized brand usage=** 

Countermeasures to

- •Trade name
- \*Counterfeit products

- 1. Creation of system for Canon logo management
- 2. Establishment of the brand management committee at each branch
  - Deploy brand management training seminar







Guangzhou branch office (China)

# Prevention of Technology Outflow



#### Awareness reform: "culture and thinking differ in countries & regions"

#### 1. Production companies

- Products management ⇒ Produce key parts and devices in Japan
- Personnel management ⇒ Prepare rules & regulations including non-disclosure agreements
- •Information management ⇒ Provide minimum electronic transmission of drawings for local production

#### 2. Software development companies

- (1) In-house security management
- 1 Management of employee entry/exit (with guard)
- 2 Management of employee with its ID card
- ③ Entry/Exit with individual passwords

(2) Equipment management

- 1 Inspection of personal items such as media at the gate
- (3) Internet connection management
- 1 Prohibition of internet access
- 2 Access management for intranet data by data

# I P System from a Business Perspective



Sound global economic growth needs promotion of innovation and protection by intellectual property system

#### **Current Situation**

- 1 Counterfeit products harm the healthy business growth, damage brands, threaten people's safety and enrich a source of funds for criminal organizations.
- 2 There are gaps in the legal system among countries and regions for intellectual property protection as well as its enforcement.

Developed countries are requested to proactively support the establishment of East Asia's intellectual property system.

**Requests and Cooperation**