

DOES EXCELLENCE IN ACADEMIC RESEARCH ATTRACT FOREIGN R&D?

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> RIETI BBL Seminar 18 August 2009



Motivation:

INTRODUCTION

- –Internationalization of corporate R&D has risen over past decades (UNCTAD, 2005; OECD, 2007)
- Broad literature on the country and firm drivers of foreign R&D, but little empirical evidence on role of countries' academic research strengths
 - Surveys show that university research ranks high among factors driving locations' attractiveness perceived by multinationals firms (Thursby & Thursby, 2006)
- Policy implications: strengthening academic research can increase private R&D

Research Questions:

- –Does the strength of countries' academic research attract foreign R&D?
- -Do firms differ in the value they attach to academic research?
 - Are firms with a more outspoken science orientation in research more responsive to countries' academic research activities? ²





PREVIOUS RESEARCH I

Two main motivations to internationalize R&D activities (Hakanson & Nobel,

1993; Kuemmerle, 1997; Florida, 1997)

- Home-base exploiting R&D: Adapt technologies to local markets and local manufacturing conditions
- Home-base augmenting R&D: Create new technologies abroad (for world markets), through technology sourcing, access to local knowledge sources (including universities)

Home base augmenting motivation gains importance (OECD, 2007; Von Zedtwitz & Gassmann, 2002; Ambos, 2005; Shimizutani & Todo, 2007)

- And may improve parent R&D performance (Iwasa & Odagiri, 2004;
 Griffith, Harrison & Van Reenen, 2006; Penner-Hahn & Shaver, 2005;
 Todo & Shimizutani, 2008)
- \blacktriangleright Is the role of universities in attracting foreign R&D increasing as well?³



PREVIOUS RESEARCH II

- Host country characteristics observed to affect inward R&D:
 - Size of MNEs' local manufacturing and sales operations (+) (Kenny and Florida, 1994; Odagiri & Yasuda, 1996; Belderbos, 2001)
 - Large and sophisticated local markets (+)
 (Zejan, 1990; Kumar, 2001; Kuemmerle, 1999)
 - Technological strength (+)

(Le Bas & Sierra, 2002; Patel & Vega, 1999; Belderbos et al, 2009; Todo & Shimizutani, 05)

- Wage costs (-) and/or availability (+) of scientists and engineers (Thursby & Thursby, 2006; Kumar, 2001; Cantwell & Piscitello, 2005)
- Strength of intellectual property rights regime (+) (Branstetter, 2006; Belderbos et al, 2008)





PREVIOUS RESEARCH III

Universities impact on firm innovation activities:

- Collaboration partners, consultants, supply scientists
 & engineers, (informal) knowledge transfers
 (Branstetter & Kwon, 2004)
- Proximity to/collaboration with universities increases performance (Jaffe, 1989; Cockburn & Henderson, 1998; Zucker et al, 2002; Belderbos et al, 2004; Leten et al, 2007)
- Academic research has positive effect on industrial R&D facilities at regional level (Jaffe, 1989; Anselin et al., 1997; Bania et al., 1992; Zucker et al, 1998, 2001)
- Different benefits of academic linkage across firms:
 'scientific absorptive capacity' (Gambardella, 1992; Cockburn and Henderson, 1998; Liebeskind et al, 1996)





But limited evidence on university research and foreign R&D decisions by multinational firms

- Analyses at the aggregate country/regional level (Cantwell & Piscitello, 2005; Hegde & Hicks, 2008) of relationship foreign firms' presence and public research
- Rough proxies for academic research such as public R&D employment or Nobel prize winners (Kuemmerle, 2001; Cantwell & Piscitello, 2005)





Contribution of the paper

- Firm-level analysis of global R&D location decisions for a large sample of leading multinational firms
- Publication data as a measure of academic research strength, by relevance to technology fields
- Considers heterogeneity between firms
- Control for a broad set of country- and firm-level drivers of R&D:
 - Reduce risk of omitted variable bias in estimating the impact of academic research strength
 - + Additional robustness checks



DATA

Data and Dependent variable:

- 176 top R&D spending US, EU, and Japanese firms
- Five industries: Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals & Biotech, IT Hardware, Electronics & Electrical Machinery, Non-Electrical Machinery
- EPO patent application data for at the consolidated firm level
- R&D locations via patent inventor addresses (Deyle and Grupp, 2005)
- 30 technology fields (5 main technology classes), 40 host countries
- Two 4-year periods (1995-1998; 1999-2002)
 - Examine changes in drivers; explanatory variables not available on a yearly basis





DATA AND EMPIRICAL MODEL

- Dependent variable: binary variable, taking 1 if firm has patent applications in host country, technology, and period
 - Binary variable: we identify presence of local R&D activities during the period
 - Little variation among positive patent counts (88% < 10, 61%<=2)
 - 87089 (1995-1998) and 100326 (1999-2002) observations
 - 4.2%, 5.0% value 1
- Logit model with error terms clustered at the firm level

% of patents originating in foreign locations

Firms:	European	US	Japanese
1995-1998	39	23	7,0
1999-2002	39	25	8,3

	Firms:	Europe	%	US	%	Japan	%
Home Country		50027	61,0	33867	76,0	56431	92,3
Europe		19462	23,7	8'092	18,2	2356	3,9
Belgium		1520		338		68	
France		1729		1452		209	
Germany		6029		1866		1054	
Italy		2419		308		29	
Sweden		1418		114		68	
Switzerland		1009		319		22	
United Kingdom		1690		2628		760	
USA		10115	12,3			2082	3,4
Japan		752	0,9	1036	2,3		
Rest of Asia		612	0,7	398	0,9	135	0,2
China		131		35		15	
India		65		70		6	
Republic of Korea		61		39		30	
Russia		59		20		3	
Singapore		195		127		62	
Taiwan		20		68		4	
South America		65	0,1	62	0,1	2	0,0
Brazil		58		57		1	
Rest of World		1007		1122		123	
Israel		53		410		6	
Total		82040		44577		61129	

R&D by country and region (# patents) 1995-2002



VARIABLES

- **Explanatory variable of interest: Host countries**' academic research strength
 - Publications in Web of Science database (WOS: article, letter, note and review) in the years preceding each period
 - By country (author/institution addresses) and scientific disciplines: Mapped into 5 main technology classes
 - Most science fields are linked to one technology main class
 - Web of science: International peer reviewed journal list
 - Indicator of quality of academic research (peer review, minimum impact requirement) as well as volume 11

	ALL	Electric	al Eng.	Instr	uments	Chem/I	Pharma	Proce	ss Eng.	Mechan	ic Eng.
France	571.599	55.379	10%	64.937	11%	328.816	58%	122.014	21%	75.805	13%
Germany	764.573	72.280	9%	99.564	13%	450.707	59%	164.150	21%	93.100	12%
Italy	382.816	41.362	11%	51.717	14%	230.766	60%	65.497	17%	47.099	12%
United Kingdom	828.697	64.090	8%	63.995	8%	530.036	64%	133.028	16%	98.354	12%
Europe	4.088.560	364.245	9%	438.804	11%	2.495.952	61%	785.385	19%	477.865	12%
USA	3.038.709	265.442	9%	238.367	8%	1.953.637	64%	434.239	14%	352.973	12%
Japan	949.969	110.139	12%	104.762	11%	510.902	54%	204.875	22%	101.236	11%
other Aia	1.310.200	199.514	15%	205.098	16%	565.946	43%	378.901	29%	233.873	18%
China	278.655	40.794	15%	44.368	16%	103.714	37%	93.848	34%	52.204	19%
India	201.290	21.583	11%	22.017	11%	103.212	51%	53.966	27%	29.183	14%
Israel	109.794	12.900	12%	12.150	11%	64.941	59%	19.502	18%	12.814	12%
Korea	141.129	28.782	20%	21.146	15%	61.539	44%	43.474	31%	24.831	18%
Russia	300.083	50.510	17%	77.445	26%	93.581	31%	106.404	35%	73.450	24%
Singapore	39.503	10.039	25%	4.892	12%	12.625	32%	10.448	26%	7.728	20%
Taiwan	116.533	23.875	20%	13.622	12%	49.480	42%	28.259	24%	20.531	18%
South America	198.243	17.165	9%	21.645	11%	116.966	59%	46.025	23%	25.585	13%
Brazil	113.751	11.189	10%	14.129	12%	66.993	59%	26.557	23%	14.106	12%
Rest of World	767.090	55.817	7%	51.144	7%	461.525	60%	125.651	16%	94.317	12%
Australia	247.052	17.615	7%	15.055	6%	154.325	62%	40.030	16%	30.165	12%
Canada	424.985	30.813	7%	26.327	6%	254.589	60%	63.407	15%	49.849	12%
Total	10.352.771	1012322	10%	1059820	10%	6104928	59%	1975076	19%	1285849	12%

ISI Publications per country/region and broad technology fields 1995-2002



VARIABLES II

• Host country control variables:

- Market size and market sophistication:
 - Sector level market size: Host country production + imports exports
 - GDP/capita
- Technological strength:
 - Technological strength own field: Host country patents in field
 - Technological strength related fields: Host country patents fields some tech class
- IPR protection level:
 - Index from Global Competiveness Report (ranges 0-10)
 - MNE opinions on strength patents, trademarks, copyright protection etc.
- Cost R&D personnel: Yearly gross income of engineers (UBS)
- Language similarity between host and home country: Dummy
- Geographic distance between host and home country
- European host country dummy
 - Propensity to patent with EPO likely higher for inventions in Europe 13





VARIABLES III

- Firm Scientific Orientation:
 - Measured by average number of non-patent references to scientific literature in prior firm patent portfolio (t-1 t-4)
 - Indicator of firm's 'usage' of science
 - Majority of patent inventors is aware of specific scientific papers cited on patents (Fleming & Sorenson, 2004)
 - Non-patent references parsed to retrieve only citations to WOS journals (57% of references on average)

• Firm control variables:

- Technological strength in field: firm patents in technology field,
- Overall size of R&D activities: total number firm patents
- Sales/Manufacturing subsidiary in a host country: Dummy
- Age of firm
- International R&D experience
- Country of origin
- Explanatory variables
 - One-year lagged values (1994 for period 1; 1998 for period 2)
 - All continuous variables are log transformed

Main model full results



	1995 - 1998		199	39 - 2002
	Model 1	Model 2	Model 1	Model 2
Host Country Variables				
Academic Research	0.2382***	0.1887**	0.2155***	0.1328*
	(0.0783)	(0.0851)	(0.0774)	(0.0803)
Academic Research * Firm's Science Orientation		0.3160**		0.5350***
		(0.1557)		(0.1984)
Technological Strength	0.4008***	0.4010***	0.4264***	0.4231***
	(0.0417)	(0.0419)	(0.0379)	(0.0375)
Technological Strength in Related Fields	0.1073*	0.1053*	0.1184**	0.1143**
	(0.0622)	(0.0622)	(0.0517)	(0.0516)
IPR Protection	0.8911***	0.8895***	1.1968***	1.1906***
	(0.2365)	(0.2371)	(0.2758)	(0.2784)
GDP per Capita	0.3558**	0.3509**	0.0337	0.0438
	(0.1742)	(0.1729)	(0.1732)	(0.1743)
Market Size	0.1328***	0.1285***	0.1071*	0.1353**
	(0.0459)	(0.0474)	(0.0547)	(0.0548)
Engineering Wage	-0.3530**	-0.3480**	-0.4490***	-0.4542***
	(0.1552)	(0.1545)	(0.1322)	(0.1323)
European Host Country	0.0553	0.0524	-0.0914	-0.0852
	(0.1056)	(0.1070)	(0.1025)	(0.1028)
Language Similarity	0.5441***	0.5428***	0.6398***	0.6391***
	(0.1221)	(0.1213)	(0.1020)	(0.1019)
Geographic Distance	-0.1669***	-0.1633***	-0.2178***	-0.2180***
	(0.0589)	(0.0587)	(U.U5U5)	(U.U5U5)
Firm Variables		4 5454+		4 6700
Firm's Science Orientation		-1.5164"		-1.6709
Cincele Technicle sized Other with	0.0000***	(U.8U/U)	0.04.40***	(1.1109)
Firm's Technological Strength	0.0290	0.0290	0.0142	0.8131
Firm's Total Detents	(0.0260)	(0.0257)	(0.0239)	(0.0236)
Firm's Total Patents	-0.0144		0.0114	0.0110
International B2D Experience	0.0413)	(0.0440) 0.202 <i>4</i> **	(U.U444) 0 1959	0.1659
International R&D Experience	0.0001	(0.3034	(0.1000	0.1000
Firm's Age	-0.1493	-0.1547	-0.0634	-0.0524
nin s Age	-0.1434 (0.1022)	/0.1047 /0.1062)	-0.0034 (0.1062)	-0.0524 (0.1074)
Manufacturing or Sales Subsidiary	0.705//***	0.1002)	0.5723***	0.5771***
	(D 1056)	(0.1054)	(0.0945)	(0.0948)
	(0.1000)	(0.1004)	(0.0545)	(0.0040)

Main model full results



	1995 - 1998		1999 - 2002	
	Model 1	Model 2	Model 1	Model 2
Home Country Dummies				
Japan	-1.2975***	-1.2980***	-1.4035***	-1.4539***
	(0.1354)	(0.1366)	(0.1663)	(0.1705)
Belgium	0.1380	0.1564	0.2396	0.2821
	(0.2525)	(0.2551)	(0.1759)	(0.1900)
Switzerland	0.4237	0.4011	0.5545***	0.6157***
	(0.3745)	(0.3628)	(0.2083)	(0.2067)
Germany	0.2233	0.2198	0.2487	0.2783
	(0.1526)	(0.1543)	(0.2014)	(0.2020)
Denmark	0.3281	0.3236	0.3037	0.3462
	(0.7780)	(0.7753)	(0.3602)	(0.3640)
Finland	0.3828*	0.3823*	0.6124**	0.6790**
	(0.2322)	(0.2208)	(0.2663)	(0.2693)
France	-0.1004	-0.0835	0.0346	0.0429
	(0.1551)	(0.1548)	(0.1635)	(0.1638)
Great Britain	0.1273	0.1361	0.0918	0.1432
	(0.2918)	(0.2894)	(0.1445)	(0.1468)
Netherlands	0.1840	0.2065	-0.3852	-0.3284
	(0.2016)	(0.1994)	(0.3992)	(0.4103)
Sweden	0.5635***	0.5422***	0.1972	0.2445
	(0.1766)	(0.1746)	(0.1565)	(0.1669)
Technology Dummies (29)	Included	Included	Included	Included
Constant	-8.6726***	-8.4455***	-8.5579***	-8.3230***
	(0.6273)	(0.6625)	(0.6759)	(0.6925)
Number of Observations	87089	87089	100326	100326
Log Likelihood	-9321	-9314	-11990	-11965
McFadden Pseudo R2	0.3851	0.3855	0.3990	0.4003
Correct Prediction for 1 (%) - Sensitivity	86.01	86.04	85.58	85.46
Correct Prediction for 0 (%) - Specificity	83.26	83.24	83.43	83.46
ROC	0.9211	0.9212	0.9225	0.9228
Interaction Effect				
% of positive values (significant)		90.0 (18.4)		98.5 (84.9)
% of negative values (significant)		10.0 (0.4)		1.5 (0.1)
LR Tests				
Chi-2 Model 2 versus Model 1		12.50***		48.82***



Mean predicted values of the probability to conduct foreign R&D (1995-1998)





Mean predicted values of the probability to conduct foreign R&D (1999-2002)







Robustness Checks

- 1. Split sample test: firms with above or below median science orientation
- 2. Count model of the number of host country originating patents
- 3. Including lagged dependent variable 'prior R&D' (prior host country originating patents of the firm in t-1)
 - Further control for unobserved heterogeneity; R&D decisions taken earlier
- 4. Examine firm heterogeneity related to technology leadership (Alcacer, 2007; Belderbos et al, 2008)
 - Split sample around median share of firm in total patents in the technology
 - Are leaders more attracted to public R&D than industrial R&D due to risk of local knowledge spillovers and appropriability?
- 5. Firm-level analysis aggregating over technologies
 - Reduces observations to 6486 and 6722, increases share of observations with value 1 to 18%

Split sample test



	1995 - 1998		1999 - 2002	
	Science Orientation		Science Orient:	ation
	Low	High	Low	High
Host Country Variables				
Academic Research	0.0585	0.4402***	0.0755	0.4128***
	(0.1039)	(0.0923)	(0.0864)	(0.1095)
Technological Strength	0.3526***	0.4196***	0.4956***	0.3247***
	(0.0705)	(0.0523)	(0.0494)	(0.0555)
Technological Strength in Related Fields	0.2394**	-0.0310	0.1701**	0.0464
	(0.1035)	(0.0682)	(0.0697)	(0.0728)
IPR Protection	0.4272	1.2096***	1.0100**	1.3635***
	(0.4109)	(0.2956)	(0.4003)	(0.3556)
GDP per Capita	0.3993	0.3109	-0.1277	0.2089 [°]
	(0.2746)	(0.2054)	(0.2505)	(0.1862)
Market Size	0.1265	Ò.1614***	Ò.0613	0.2024***
	(0.0788)	(0.0540)	(0.0783)	(0.0676)
Engineering Wage	-0.2895	-0.3031*	-0.4530**	-0.4129**
	(0.2518)	(0.1703)	(0.1842)	(0.1618)
European Host Country	0.3282**	-0.0964	Ò.1296	-0.1786
	(0.1545)	(0.1421)	(0.1477)	(0.1407)
Language Similarity	0.7683***	0.3378 **	0.6767***	0.6378 ***
	(0.1876)	(0.1655)	(0.1431)	(0.1391)
Geographic Distance	-0.0755	-0.1949***	-0.1278**	-0.2517***
Ū .	(0.0744)	(0.0949)	(0.0644)	(0.0858)
Firm Variables		. ,		. ,
Firm's Technological Strength	0.8101***	0.8474***	0.8164***	0.8226***
	(0.0406)	(0.0395)	(0.0326)	(0.0371)
Firm's Total Patents	0.1012*	-0.1499**	0.0737	-0.0058
	(0.0597)	(0.0663)	(0.0595)	(0.0815)
International R&D Experience	0.2755	0.3330	0.1433	0.2897
	(0.2004)	(0.2105)	(0.1653)	(0.2463)
Firm's Age	-0.4100**	0.0414	-0.2609*	0.0440
	(0.1609)	(0.1303)	(0.1501)	(0.1278)
Manufacturing or Sales Subsidiary	0.9871***	0.5377***	0.6236***	0.5700***
	(0.1623)	(0.1383)	(0.1348)	(0.1374)

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	1995 - 1998		1999 - 2002	AN ALCONOMIC AND A CONTRACT ON A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT
	Science Orier	ntation	Science Orier	ntation
	Low	High	Low	High
Home Country Dummies				
Japan	-1.3718***	-1.3682***	-1.3499***	-1.5212***
	(0.2414)	(0.1670)	(0.3747)	(0.2015)
Belgium	-0.3631*	0.0512	0.6268***	-0.0846
	(0.2011)	(0.3368)	(0.2151)	(0.2405)
Switzerland	0.5355*		0.7610***	
	(0.3193)		(0.2585)	
Germany	0.2400	0.2960	0.2856	0.6715**
	(0.1839)	(0.2118)	(0.2971)	(0.2738)
Denmark	0.5644	-0.9769***	0.4948	0.1596
	(0.8012)	(0.2974)	(0.3412)	(0.3110)
Finland	0.5329***		0.6509***	
	(0.1779)		(0.2022)	
France	-0.0980	-0.1255	0.1727	-0.1015
	(0.2325)	(0.2225)	(0.2555)	(0.2104)
Great Britain	0.2809	-0.4040	0.1541	0.1444
	(0.3374)	(0.5213)	(0.1929)	(0.4170)
Netherlands	0.7310*	0.1547	-0.4771	1.0131***
	(0.4316)	(0.2048)	(0.3956)	(0.2391)
Sweden	0.8411***		0.3372	
	(0.1955)		(0.2160)	
Technology Dummies (29)	Included	Included	Included	Included
Constant	-7.9811***	-9.3219***	-7.5401***	-10.03/6***
	(0.9326)	(0.8408)	(0.9908)	(0.8551)
Number of Observations	40450	46537	48096	52192
Log Likelihood	-4467	-4/40	-6656	-5219
McFadden Pseudo R2	0.3648	0.4162	0.3880	0.4191
Correct Prediction for 1 (%) - Sensitivity	85.36	87.23	84.54	86.46
Correct Prediction for 0 (%) - Specificity	82.05	84.53	82.51	84.88
ROC	0.9162	0.9293	0.9161	0.9311

Negative Binomial model



	1995 - 1998	1999 - 2002
Host Country Variables		
Academic Research	0.2482***	-0.0126
	(0.0911)	(0.0833)
Academic Research * Firm's Science Orientation	0.1590	0.6585***
	(0.1732)	(0.1929)
Technological Strength	0.3756***	0.4452 ***
	(0.0602)	(0.0517)
Technological Strength in Related Fields	0.1639**	0.2782***
	(0.0833)	(0.0675)
IPR Protection	0.9223***	1.0045***
	(0.3113)	(0.3449)
GDP per Capita	0.5905***	-0.0177
	(0.1949)	(0.1879)
Market Size	0.0803	0.0907
	(0.0729)	(0.0590)
Engineering Wage	-0.3284*	-0.3428**
	(0.1812)	(0.1557)
European Host Country	0.1256	0.0473
	(0.1546)	(0.1412)
Language Similarity	0.3610**	0.6363***
	(0.1564)	(0.1308)
Geographic Distance	-0.3026***	-0.1666**
	(0.0825)	(0.0663)
Firm Variables		
Firm's Science Orientation	-1.1679	-2.5779*
	(0.9495)	(1.3797)
Firm's Technological Strength	1.0059***	1.0081***
	(0.0368)	(0.0280)
Firm's Total Patents	-0.0141	-0.0174
	(0.0618)	(0.0611)
International R&D Experience	-0.0263	0.1028
	(0.1800)	(0.1892)
Firm's Age	-0.1050	-0.2133
	(0.1215)	(0.1407)
Manufacturing or Sales Subsidiary	0.9796***	0.8449***
	(0.1337)	(0.1219)

Negative Binomial model

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	1995 - 1998	1999 - 2002
Home Country Dummies		
Japan	-1.5079***	-1.5784***
	(0.1685)	(0.2082)
Belgium	-0.1650	0.4958**
	(0.2640)	(0.2165)
Switzerland	0.5592	0.8438***
	(0.4179)	(0.2438)
Germany	0.1607	0.3675
	(0.2305)	(0.2320)
Denmark	1.0323	0.9654*
	(0.7519)	(0.5172)
Finland	Ò.1161	0.6229***
	(0.2544)	(0.2391)
France	-0.1009	0.3259
	(0.2850)	(0.2388)
Great Britain	0.0931	0.2806
	(0.2555)	(0.2692)
Netherlands	-0.1374	-0.1118
	(0.2172)	(0.3414)
Sweden	0.6929**	0.3009
	(0.2968)	(0.2296)
Technology Dummies (29)	Included	Included
Constant	-8.1242***	-7.5929***
	(0.7383)	(0.7512)
In alpha	1.9686***	1.8580***
	(0.0829)	(0.0756)
Number of Observations	87089	100326
Log Likelihood	-17507	-23896
Wald Chi2	7478	10326
McFadden's Adj. R2	0.254	0.258
Interaction Effect		
% of positive values (significant)	27.9 (0)	99.4 (82.6)
% of negative values (significant)	72.1 (0,1)	0.6 (0.1)

LEUVEN

Lagged dependent variable



Lagged dependent variable

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	1995 - 1998	1999 - 2002
Home Country Dummies		
Japan	-1.1971***	-1.3640***
	(0.1307)	(0.1646)
Belgium	0.1597	0.1659
	(0.2997)	(0.1733)
Switzerland	0.4170	0.5885***
	(0.3530)	(0.1804)
Germany	0.2924**	0.3088
	(0.1490)	(0.1972)
Denmark	0.3219	0.3546
	(0.7442)	(0.3118)
Finland	0.4316*	0.7141**
	(0.2300)	(0.2931)
France	-0.1478	0.0116
	(0.1604)	(0.1636)
Great Britain	0.1788	0.1015
	(0.3120)	(0.1454)
Netherlands	0.2787	-0.3099
	(0.1983)	(0.3785)
Sweden	0.6325***	0.1720
	(0.1668)	(0.1625)
Technology Dummies (29)	Included	Included
Constant	-8.0006***	-7.6277***
	(0.6494)	(0.6737)
Number of Observations	87089	100326
Log Likelihood	-8811	-11254
McFadden Pseudo R2	U.4187	0.4359
Correct Prediction for 1 (%) - Sensitivity	86.09	84.90
Correct Prediction for U (%) - Specificity	84.18	84.65
ROC	0.9265	0.9288
Interaction Effect	<u></u>	00 C (05 C)
% of positive values (significant)	93.3 (U)	99.6 (85.3)
1% of negative values (significant)	6.7 (U)	U.4 (U)

Technology leaders and laggards



	19	995 - 1998	19:	99 - 2002
	Laggards	Leaders	Laggards	Leaders
Host Country Variables				
Academic Research	0.2121	0.1580**	0.0441	0.1507**
	(0.1748)	(0.0777)	(0.1361)	(0.0723)
Academic Research * Firm's Science Orientation	0.1106	0.4116**	0.5704*	0.5271**
	(0.2624)	(0.1625)	(0.2989)	(0.2214)
Technological Strength	0.4420***	0.3922***	0.4162***	0.4232***
	(0.0984)	(0.0531)	(0.0864)	(0.0420)
Technological Strength in Related Fields	0.1287	0.0940	0.1425	0.1053**
	(0.1241)	(0.0629)	(0.1099)	(0.0510)
IPR Protection	0.9131*	0.9247***	0.7520*	1.2575***
	(0.5384)	(0.2476)	(0.4285)	(0.3002)
GDP per Capita	1.0039***	0.2323	0.9076**	-0.0878
	(0.3484)	(0.1690)	(0.4301)	(0.1601)
Market Size	0.0366	0.2000***	0.1129	0.1702***
	(0.0798)	(0.0488)	(0.0771)	(0.0574)
Engineering Wage	-0.7467**	-0.2681*	-0.7337***	-0.3865***
	(0.2970)	(0.1468)	(0.2476)	(0.1282)
European Host Country	0.1817	0.0194	0.2645*	-0.1875*
	(0.1793)	(0.1147)	(0.1440)	(0.1137)
Language Similarity	0.6780***	0.4595***	0.6596***	0.6221***
	(0.1567)	(0.1331)	(0.1429)	(0.1011)
Geographic Distance	-0.1277*	-0.1800***	-0.1264*	-0.2582***
	(0.0739)	(0.0645)	(0.0655)	(0.0538)
Firm Variables				
Firm's Science Orientation	-0.6869	-2.1014**	-1.6201	-2.0223*
	(1.2762)	(0.8547)	(1.9190)	(1.0529)
Firm's Technological Strength	0.6683***	0.8337***	0.6724***	0.7733***
	(0.1213)	(0.0350)	(0.0867)	(0.0396)
Firm's Total Patents	0.0081	0.0138	0.0129	0.0489
	(0.0538)	(0.0521)	(0.0487)	(0.0569)
International R&D Experience	0.1451	0.6226***	-0.0115	0.3628**
	(0.1161)	(0.1866)	(0.1518)	(0.1578)
Firm's Age	-0.0955	-0.2257*	-0.0657	-0.0642
	(0.1174)	(0.1214)	(0.1183)	(0.1089)
Manufacturing or Sales Subsidiary	0.5708***	0.7393***	0.6971***	0.5343***
	(0.1729)	(0.1072)	(0.1608)	(0.0967)

KATHOLIEKE UNIVERSITEIT			4	
	echnology leaders	and laggard	ds all	utur
	connology leaders		THE REAL PROPERTY IN THE	4000 0000
		1995 - 1998 	i 	1999 - 2002
Home Country Dummice	Lagg	ards Leade	ers Laggari	ds Leaders
Home Country Dummes	1 72	D1*** 1 D1*		1 4700***
Japan	-1.23	יוכ.ו- וכ ארחי ארר	-1.3000 751 /0.0027) -1.4700 () (0.1740)
Belgium	(U. 19 0. 243	UZ) (U.14) DOM: DOM:	/O) (U.∠UO/ DC 0.5C441) (U.174U) * 0.0009
Deigium	0.243	2 -0.04.	20 U.3044 40\ /0.3030	0.0920 N 0.0110
Switzerland	(U.30 0.214	0.134) (U.134) 0.401	40) (U.BUZO D 0.7665*) (U.2113)
Switzenand	0.315	יו ט.4טו אכרא (דר	2 U.7000 מכחר חי	0.0000 N (0.0466)
Cormonu	(U.40 0.212	27) (U.343 7 0.107	20) (U.2000 M 0.4016*)) (U.2400) * 0.1001
Germany	0.213	7 U. IU7 72) /0.1 <i>2</i> (4 U.4010 24\ /0.2520	0.1291
Denmark	(U.20 0.009	(U.150 V/* 0.50	DI) (U.2028 70 0.4400) (U.2230) 0.5126
Denmark	0.900	4 -0.09/ 24\ /0.0 <i>4</i> '	79 U.4490 201 /N 2500	0.0130 N (0.2575)
Finland	(U.49 0.022	DI) (U.94. O OCOR	00) (U.JOUG 10** 0.5570*)) (U.3070)
Finianu	0.032	3 U.6U3 140 /0.003	0 0.0070	0.0711 N 20.0609N
France	(U.27	14) (U.234 50 0.040	00) (0.2010 01 0.0050) (U.2696)
France	-0.20	DO -U.U40 DD -U.U40	01 -U.UUD0 403 /0.0040	
Creat Britain	(U.20 0.457	o7) (U.144 `4★ 0.00	40) (U.∠OID 41 0.50413)) (U.1733)
Great Dritain	0.457	4 -U.ZZ ⁴ 24\ /D.2D ⁴	4I U.304I 1C) /0.303C	-0.1631
Netherlands	(U.24	04) (U.29 0 0.049	16) (U.ZUZ6 0 0.2446) (U.1456) 0.7428*
Netherlands	0.352	0 U.U40	U U.2410 7CX /0.0700	-0.7420
Cruzzdan	(U.35 0.420	0) (U.16) 0 0.017	76) (U.2738 7*** 0.4600) (U.4013)
Sweden	0.430	0 0.617		0.2670
Taalaa ka wa Dumumia a (20)	(U.39	96) (U.18:	50) (0.2499 Jaal kaskada	7) (U.1779) d laskalad
Technology Dummies (29)	Inclui	iea inclua	iea include	a included
Constant	0 00			
Constant	-0.00 /0.99	10 -0.300 51) /0.790	DO -0.7343 NSI /N 9583	2) -0.0005 2) (0.7104)
Number of Observations	4877	1 3831 <i>i</i>	5 55554	<u>// (0.7104)</u> //772
I on Likelihood	-3126	-6109	-3861	-8016
McEaddan Psaudo P2	-3120 0.270	-0105 13 0.388	-500- R 0.2844	0.3979
Correct Prediction for 1 (%) - S	oneitivity 86.44	0 0.000 85.23	8/179	84.76
Correct Prediction for 0 (%) - S	nacificity 80.86	82 72	904.70	82.45
		. 02.72 M NG13	7 00.00	02.40
Interaction Effect	0.900	0.013	0.002	0.0100
% of positive values (significant	747	m 88.9	(28.5) 99.6.(5)	26) 965/696)
% of negative values (significan	it) 25.3	(0) 11.1	(0.6) 0.4 (0)	3.5 (0.1)

Aggregate firm level analysis



	19	95 - 1998	199	99 - 2002
	Model 1	Model 2	Model 1	Model 2
Host Country Variables				
Academic Research	0.2466***	0.1796**	0.1969**	0.0967
	(0.0827)	(0.0874)	(0.0782)	(0.0806)
Academic Research * Firm's Science Orientation		0.3936**		0.8048***
		(0.1768)		(0.2596)
Technological Strength	0.3711***	0.3668***	0.4477***	0.4462***
	(0.0698)	(0.0703)	(0.0541)	(0.0538)
IPR Protection	0.5035*	0.5058*	0.8210**	0.8360**
	(0.2722)	(0.2736)	(0.3325)	(0.3348)
GDP per Capita	0.2098	0.2085	-0.2656*	-0.2720*
	(0.1592)	(0.1590)	(0.1513)	(0.1519)
Market Size	0.2312***	0.2363***	0.2046***	0.2053***
	(0.0590)	(0.0594)	(0.0639)	(0.0636)
Engineering Wage	-0.1659	-0.1615	-0.1316	-0.1305
	(0.1268)	(0.1267)	(0.1116)	(0.1125)
European Host Country	0.1544	0.1533	-0.0872	-0.0972
	(0.1310)	(0.1314)	(0.1247)	(0.1261)
Language Similarity	0.6667***	0.6624***	0.6346***	0.6307***
	(0.1320)	(0.1320)	(0.1292)	(0.1300)
Geographic Distance	-0.1558**	-0.1576***	-0.3265***	-0.3319***
	(0.0607)	(0.0606)	(0.0561)	(0.0562)
Firm Variables				
Firm's Science Orientation		-1.1472*		-2.0384**
		(0.6097)		(0.8617)
Firm's Total Patents	0.8557***	0.8762***	0.9646***	0.9833***
	(0.0785)	(0.0808)	(0.0732)	(0.0772)
International R&D Experience	0.2519*	0.2457*	0.0201	0.0136
	(0.1501)	(0.1487)	(0.1955)	(0.1940)
Firm's Age	0.0126	0.0155	-0.0532	-0.0565
	(0.1248)	(0.1300)	(0.1071)	(0.1085)
Manufacturing or Sales Subsidiary	0.8736***	0.8727***	0.7077***	0.7231***
	(0.1116)	(0.1130)	(0.0994)	(0.0993)

Aggregate firm level analysis



	1995 - 1998		1999	- 2002	
	Model 1	Model 2	Model 1	Model 2	
Home Country Dummies					
Japan	-1.2467***	-1.2375***	-1.5398***	-1.5809***	
	(0.1720)	(0.1769)	(0.1773)	(0.1831)	
Belgium	-0.3703	-0.3638	0.0124	0.0219	
	(0.4558)	(0.4542)	(0.2832)	(0.2808)	
Switzerland	0.1628	0.1148	0.2255	0.1704	
	(0.3767)	(0.3496)	(0.2574)	(0.2493)	
Germany	0.2981	0.2709	0.1008	0.0682	
	(0.2479)	(0.2440)	(0.2962)	(0.2987)	
Denmark	-0.2386	-0.2407	0.2491	0.2306	
	(0.6719)	(0.6679)	(0.1556)	(0.1544)	
Finland	0.1309	0.1242	0.1809	0.1417	
	(0.5131)	(0.4894)	(0.5237)	(0.4917)	
France	-0.3765	-0.3633	-0.4859*	-0.4857*	
	(0.2679)	(0.2689)	(0.2661)	(0.2616)	
Great Britain	0.2271	0.2118	-0.2131	-0.2365	
	(0.3905)	(0.3881)	(0.2658)	(0.2679)	
Netherlands	0.0754	0.0911	-0.2509	-0.3160	
	(0.2348)	(0.2295)	(0.4421)	(0.4446)	
Sweden	0.8179**	0.7645**	0.2731	0.1792	
	(0.3887)	(0.3607)	(0.3430)	(0.3307)	
Industry Dummies (4)	Included	Included	Included	Included	
Constant	-6.4722***	-6.3252***	-0.4421	-0.1050	
	(1.5873)	(1.5727)	(1.2912)	(1.3190)	
Number of Observations	6486	6486	6722	6722	
Log Likelihood	-1711	-1709	-1986	-1980	
McFadden Pseudo R2	0.3957	0.3966	0.4006	0.4023	
Correct Prediction for 1 (%) - Sensitivity	83.24	83.63	81.88	81.73	
Correct Prediction for 0 (%) - Specificity	81.34	81.26	80.92		
ROC	0.9005	0.9008	0.8976	0.8981	
Interaction Effect					
% of positive values (significant)		89.1 (31.6)		96 (77.3)	
% of negative values (significant)		10.9 (0.8)		4 (0.5)	
LR Tests		E 00+			
Chi-2 Model 2 versus Model 1		5.02*		11.82***	



CONCLUSIONS

- Significant impact of countries' relevant academic research strength on foreign R&D decisions of firms
 - After controlling for a variety of other country-, technology-, and firm-specific factors affecting R&D internationalization decisions
 - Robust over specifications
 - Elasticity of probability of conducting foreign R&D with respect to academic research is 0.21-0.24, exceeding elastiticy for market size and GDP per capita (second period)





- Firm heterogeneity in responsiveness to academic research
 - Firms with a greater science orientation in their research activities weigh countries' academic research strengths stronger in their location decisions
 - This pattern appears to gain in strength in the most recent period
 - Elasticity of foreign R&D with respect to academic research 0.4 for above-median science oriented firms
 - For countries with the highest academic research strengths, this greater responsiveness is large enough to overcome the tendency of science intensive firms to concentrate R&D activities at home
 - Technology leaders are also attracted to academic research, but leadership is not a necessary condition for the valuation of academic research in R&D location decisions



FURTHER RESEARCH

- Examine patterns for most recent period: 2003-2006. Is trend continuing?
- Examine specific features of university research that are potentially most attractive to foreign investors: academic spinoff intensity, degree of collaboration with industry, basic or applied publications?
- Analyses at regional level (academic research spillovers are strongest at the local level): US States/MSAs, NUTS 2/3 regions in Europe
- EU bias in patent counts: 'triadic patents'. Or replicate with US patents
- Distinguish between home base augmenting 'research' and home base exploiting 'development' activities
 - E.g. taking into account (self)citation data in patents





DETAILED TABLES

	European Firms	US firms	Japanese firms
Firm's home country	50027	33867	56431
%	61%	7 <i>6</i> %	92.3%
Europe	19462	8'092	2356
%	23.7%	18.2%	3.9%
Austria	1059	43	21
Belgium	1520	338	68
Denmark	403	140	11
Finland	615	28	n l
France	1729	1452	209
Germany	6029	1866	1054
Greece	18	5	0
Hundary	94	8	3
Ireland	60	106	24
Italy	2419	308	29
Lixembourg	4	2	9 A
Netherlands	773	- / 39	70
Nonway	268	24	4
Poland	40	5	- -
Portugal	10	1	0
Snain	302	266	4
Sweden	1/18	114	4 68
Switzerland	1000	210	22
United Kingdom	1690	2628	760
	10115	2020	200
03A	10110		2002
Japap	750	1036	3,470
%	7.02 0.0%	2.3%	
Post of Asia	6/9 6/9	798	140
	0.9%	1 8%	0.2%
China	131	35	15
Hong Kong	25	8	
India	65	70	6
Indonesia	10	0	3
Israel	53	410	6
Malavsia	23	10	7
Philippinnes	20	7	n
Republic of Korea	- 61	, 39	30
Pussia	59	20	3
Singanore	195	127	62
Taiwan	20	68	4
Thailand	5	4	4
South America	63		2
%	0.1%	0.1%	2 0%
Amentina	3	2	1
Brazil	58	57	1
Colombia	2	2	i I
Rest of World	~ 954	~ 712	117
%	1.2%	1.6%	0.2%
Australia	200	131	76
Canada	693	557	39
Mexico	25	18	2
South_Africa	36	6	ĥ
Total	82012	44566	61128

Company name	Industry	Country	R&D	Allerganing	Pharmaceuticals	United States	604
Bayer AG	Chemicals	Germany	2414	Yamanouchi Pharmaceutical	Pharmaceuticals	Japan	495
BASF	Chemicals	Germany	1105	Fujisawa Phannaceutical	Pharmaceuticals	Japan	462
EI du Pont de Nemours	Chemicals	United States	1069	Eisai	Pharmaceuticals	Japan	442
Mitsub ishi Chemical	Chemicals	Japan	673	Altana AG	Pharmaceuticals	Germany	412
Sumitomo Chemical	Chemicals	lanan	539	Daiichi Pharmaceutical	Pharmaceuticals	Japan	395
Solver	Chemicals	Bolainm	420	Millennium Pharmaceuticals inc	Pharmaceuticals	United States	387
Acabi Kacai	Chemicals	Japan	365	Chiron	Pharmaceuticals	United States	310
Mitari Churri ala	Chemicals	Japan	225	Genzyme corp	Pharmaceuticals	United States	266
Terrer Induction		Japan	275	Applera corp	Pharmaceuticals	United States	256
Toray moustries	Chemicals	Japan	264	Lundbeck	Pharmaceuticals	Denmark	246
PPG Industries	Chemicals	United States	230	Shionogi	Pharmaceuticals	Japan	231
ICI (Imperial Chemical Industries)	Chemicals	United Kingdom	221	Kyowa Hakko Kogyo	Pharmaceuticals	Japan	229
Teijin	Chemicals	Japan	221	Ono Pharmaceutical	Pharmaceuticals	Japan	225
Shin-Etsu Chemical	Chemicals	Japan	195	Taisho Pharmaceutical	Pharmaceuticals	Japan	218
Rohm & Haas	Chemicals	United States	189	UCB (including Celltech)	Pharmaceuticals	Belgium	216
Linde AG	Chemicals	Germany	179	Tanabe Seiyaku	Pharmaceuticals	Japan	182
Eastman Chemical	Chemicals	United States	149	Sepracor	Pharmaceuticals	United States	175
Show a Denko	Chemicals	Japan	126	Plivad.d.	Pharmaceuticals	Croatia	86
SNPE	Chemicals	France	115	Siemens	Electronics & electrical	Germany	5511
ISR	Chemicals	Ianan	112	Matsus hita Electric	Electronics & electrical	Japan	4285
Kanaka	Chemicals	Japan	103	Sony	Electronics & electrical	Japan	3278
Nitto Donko	Chemicals	Japan	100	Koninklijke Philips Electronics	Electronics & electrical	Netherlands	2617
Air Broch ats and Chemicals	Chemicals Chamicals	Japan II	06	Canon	Electronics & electrical	Japan T	1917
All Floures and Chemicals	Chemicals Classical	United States	30	Sharp	Electronics & electrical	Japan	1120
Lair Liquide	Chemicals	France	94	Sanyo Electric	Electronics & electrical	Japan Japan	894
Johnson Matthey plc	Chemicals	United Kingdom	77	Floor Seleccides The strip S &	Electronics & electrical	Japan E	404
Lubnzol	Chemicals	United States	74	ADD (Acce Decembra A	Electronics & electrical	France Continue la colorado	454
Engelhard	Chemicals	United States	74	ADD (Asea Drown Doven)	Electronics & electrical	Switzerland Europe	400
FMC	Chemicals	United States	69	ALS TOM Diamar	Electronics & electrical	Inne	391
Praxair	Chemicals	United States	59	Sumitomo Electric	Electronics & electrical	Japan Japan	340
Avery Demison	Chemicals	United States	59		Electronics & electrical	Japan	200
BOC group plc	Chemicals	United Kingdom	57	Thomas	Electronics & electrical	France	295
Kemira OYJ	Chemicals	Finland	48	Alps Flectric	Flectronics & electrical	Ianan	280
Borealis as	Chemicals	Denmark	43	Olymmus Ontical	Electronics & electrical	Japan	257
Süd-Chemie AG	Chemicals	Germany	29	TDK	Electronics & electrical	Japan	236
Pfizer	Pharmaceuticals	United States	5633	FujiElectric	Electronics & electrical	Japan	198
Iohnson & Iohnson	Pharmaceuticals	United States	3714	Yokogawa Electric	Electronics & electrical	Japan	187
Novertis AG	Pharmaceuticals	Switzerland	2978	Furu kawa Electric	Electronics & electrical	Japan	184
Acto Zonos	Pharmaceuticals	United Vinadam	27.26	Eaton Corp	Electronics & electrical	United States	177
Mark & Calina	Dhamaceutical	United Kingdom	2730	Pitney Bowes Inc	Electronics & electrical	United States	117
Wenk & Coinc	Pharmaceuticals Discourse and inclusion	United States	1949 1949	Harman International industries inc	Electronics & electrical	United States	113
Eli Lilly and Company	Pharmaceuticals	United States	1865	Molex inc	Electronics & electrical	United States	93
Bristol-Myers-Squibb Co	Pharmaceuticals	United States	1807	Symbol Technologies	Electronics & electrical	United States	86
Wyeth	Pharmaceuticals	United States	1660	SPX Corporation	Electronics & electrical	United States	76
Sanofi-Synthélabo	Pharmaceuticals	France	1316	Spectris plc	Electronics & electrical	United Kingdom	48
Angeninc	Pharmaceuticals	United States	1312	Vaisala OYI	Electronics & electrical	Finland	21
Schering Plough Corp	Pharmaceuticals	United States	1165	Mitsubishi Heavy	Enginæring	Japan	810
Schering AG	Pharmaceuticals	Germany	947	Caterpillar	Engineering	United States	530
Takeda Chemical	Pharmaceuticals	Japan	919	Deere	Engineering	United States	4 <i>5</i> 8
Sankyo	Pharmaceuticals	Japan	641	MAN	Engineering	Germany	407
Merck Kommanditgesellschaft	Pharmaceuticals	Germany	605	Komatsu	Engineering	Japan	315
			-	Scania AB	Engineering	Sweden	237

Sandvik AB	Engineering
Kubota	Engineering
Danaher	Engineering
IHI	Engineering
Ingersoll-Rand	Engineering
Cummins	Engineering
Atlas Copeo AB	Engineering
Kawasaki Heavy Industries	Engineering
Ebara	Engineering
American Standard Companies	Engineering
SMC	Engineering
ITT Industries	Engineering
Schindler holding AG	Engineering
Kone ovi	Engineering
Illinois Tool Works	Engineering
Tomkins plc	Engineering
SKF AB	Engineering
Rieter holding AG	Engineering
Dainippon Screen Mfg	Enzineerinz
Danfoss as	Engineering
Sumitomo Heavy Industries	Engineering
Saurer AG	Engineering
Stork NV	Engineering
Parker Hannifin	Engineering
Wartsila OVI ABP	Engineering
Class Kommanditzesellschaft	Engineering
Hamamatsu Photonics	Engineering
Mettler-Toledo International	Engineering
NSK	Engineering
AGCO	Engineering
Nokia ovi	IT hantware
Intel	IT hardware
Telefonsh I M Friesson	IT hardwale
Motorola	IT hardware
Hearlett-Packard	IT hardwale
Hitachi	IT hashran
Toshiba	IT hardwate
Fuite	IT hardwale
NFC	IT handwale
Alastal	IT hardwale
Sun Microsus terrs	IT hardwale
Tavas Instruments	IT hardwale
Lucent Technologies	IT hawharawa
STMigroelectronics	IT hashras
Applied Materials	IT hardwale
Varen	IT handwale
AMD	IT hardwale
FMC	IT hardware
Miaron technology in	IT hashran
Broadcom Com	IT hardwate
Apple Computer	IT havburse
Tokyo Electron	IT have are
Analog Davidas	IT hardwale
Kungers	IT hardware
nyocaa	ii narowate

Sweden	185
Japan	172
United States	164
Japan	163
United States	162
United States	1.59
Sweden	128
Japan	115
Japan	104
Haritad States	101
Ispon	97
Japan Haitad States	97
Conten States	20
Switzeriand	07
Finland	00
United States	80
United Kingdom	23
Sweden	23
Switzerland	83
Japan	80
Denmark	78
Japan	76
Switzerland	75
Netherlands	74
United States	74
Finland	70
Germany	67
Japan	65
United States	62
Japan	61
United States	57
Finland	3978
United States	3457
Sweden	3229
United States	2990
United States	2895
Japan	2751
Japan	2491
Japan	2114
Iapan	1899
Frame	1593
Il mited States	1456
United States	1386
United States	1190
Examo	921
Hante States	730
	ج
United States	676
United States	670
United States	500
United States	ن <i>لاد</i> 10ء
United States	210
United States	272
Japan	3/1
United States	357

Japan

National Semiconductor	IT hardware	United States
LS I Logic Corp	IT hardware	United States
ASML holding NV	IT hardware	Netherlands
Rohm	IT hardware	Japan
Murata Manufacturing	IT hardware	Japan
Océ NV	IT hardware	Netherlands
Nikon	IT hardware	Japan
Advantest	IT hardware	Japan
Casio Computer	IT hardware	Japan
Amitsu	IT hardware	Japan
Spirent plc	IT hardware	United Kingdom
ASM International NV	IT hardware	Netherlands
Bull	IT hardware	France
Filtronic plc	IT hardware	United Kingdom
GNS tore Nord as	IT hardware	Denmark

											Ex
	Electrical	Eng.	Instrument	s	Chem/Phar	ma	Process Eng.		Mechanic Eng.		Science
Ешторе	364.245	9%	438.804	11%	2.495.952	61%	785.385	19%	477.865	12%	4.088.560
Austria	6.997	8%	9.057	11%	53.828	65%	14.590	18%	7.895	10%	82.981
Belgium	11.152	9%	13.497	11%	77.469	64%	21.210	18%	10.926	9%	120.297
Denmark	6.135	7%	7.675	9%	59.008	66%	15.337	17%	9.799	11%	90.087
Finland	6.990	8%	7.530	9%	55.230	65%	14.926	18%	7.870	9%	84.722
France	55.379	10%	64.937	11%	328.816	58%	122.014	21%	75.805	13%	571.599
Germany	72.280	9%	99.564	13%	450.707	59%	164.150	21%	93.100	12%	764.573
Greece	7.951	14%	6.356	11%	29.219	51%	11.957	21%	8.469	15%	56.963
Hungary	4.304	9%	5.983	13%	27.176	58%	9.829	21%	4.253	9%	46.619
Ireland	2.498	8%	2.202	7%	19.406	65%	5.156	17%	2.975	10%	29.730
Italy	41.362	11%	51.717	14%	230.766	60%	65.497	17%	47.099	12%	382.816
Luxembourg	42	4%	57	5%	809	77%	112	11%	64	6%	1.049
Netherlands	17.233	8%	18.727	8%	151.444	66%	36.885	16%	23.677	10%	229.027
Norway	3.124	5%	3.650	6%	35.158	60%	10.883	19%	8.342	14%	58.473
Poland	13.277	12%	17.755	16%	50.151	46%	36.028	33%	15.668	14%	108.996
Portugal	3.603	10%	4.204	12%	16.903	48%	9.876	28%	4.415	13%	34.852
Spain	20.265	8%	21.984	9%	162.390	63%	53.761	21%	23.895	9%	257.532
Sweden	12.607	7%	15.346	9%	117.720	66%	32.061	18%	17.332	10%	178.445
Switzerland	14.956	9%	24.568	15%	99.716	62%	28.085	17%	17.927	11%	161.102
United											
Kingdom	64.090	8%	63.995	8%	530.036	64%	133.028	16%	98.354	12%	828.697
USA	265.442	9%	238.367	8%	1.953.637	64%	434.239	14%	352.973	12%	3.038.709
Japan	110.139	12%	104.762	11%	510.902	54%	204.875	22%	101.236	11%	949.969
Rest of Asia	195.197	16%	199.715	16%	523.392	42%	367.983	30%	227.313	18%	1.246.204
China	40.794	15%	44.368	16%	103.714	37%	93.848	34%	52.204	19%	278.655
Hong Kong	5.070	20%	2.680	10%	11.667	46%	5.253	21%	3.766	15%	25.564
India	21.583	11%	22.017	11%	103.212	51%	53.966	27%	29.183	14%	201.290
Indonesia	161	3%	240	5%	3.104	62%	963	19%	736	15%	4.980
Israel	12.900	12%	12.150	11%	64.941	59%	19.502	18%	12.814	12%	109.794
Malaysia	598	11%	577	11%	6.049	51%	2.757	27%	805	14%	10.029
Philippinnes	116	3%	140	3%	2.972	70%	895	21%	272	6%	4.254
Korea	28.782	20%	21.146	15%	61.539	44%	43.474	31%	24.831	18%	141.129
Russia	50.510	17%	77.445	26%	93.581	31%	106.404	35%	73.450	24%	300.083
Singapore	10.039	25%	4.892	12%	12.625	32%	10.448	26%	7.728	20%	39.503
Taiwan	23.875	20%	13.622	12%	49.480	42%	28.259	24%	20.531	18%	116.533
Thailand	769	5%	438	3%	10.508	73%	2.214	15%	993	7%	14.390
South											
America	15.204	9%	19.550	12%	99.871	60%	39.343	23%	20.868	12%	167.718
Argentina	3.521	7%	4.728	10%	28.942	61%	11.264	24%	6.002	13%	47.591
B razil	11.189	10%	14.129	12%	66.993	59%	26.557	23%	14.106	12%	113.751
Colombia	494	8%	693	11%	3.936	62%	1.522	24%	760	12%	6.376
Rest of World	55 817	7%	51 144	7%	461 525	60%	125 651	16%	04 317	72%	767 090
Australia	17.615	7%	15 055	6%	154 325	62%	40.030	16%	30 165	12%	247 052
Canada	30.813	7%	26 327	6%	254 589	60%	63 407	7.5%	49 849	12%	424 985
Mexico	5 463	17%	7 235	14%	26 814	52%	13.958	27%	8 5 5 8	17%	51 532
South-Africa	1.926	4%	2.527	6%	25.797	59%	8.256	19%	5.745	13%	43.521
	_	-		-							_
Tomi	999.766	10%	1.044.864	10%	5.985.630	59%	1.939.876	19%	1.263.295	12%	10.163.729

	Technology Class	Technology Main Class
1	Electrical machinery and apparatus, electrical energy	Electrical engineering
2	Audio-visual technology	Electrical engineering
3	Telecommunications	Electrical engineering
4	Information technology	Electrical engineering
5	Semiconductors	Electrical engineering
6	Optics	Instruments
7	Analysis, measurement and control technology	Instruments
8	Medical technology	Instruments
9	Nuclear engineering	Instruments
10	Organic fine chemistry	Chemistry, Pharma
11	Macromolecular chemistry, polymers	Chemistry, Pharma
12	Pharmaceuticals, cosmetics	Chemistry, Pharma
13	Biotechnology	Chemistry, Pharma
14	Agriculture, food chemistry	Chemistry, Pharma
15	Chemical and petrol industry, basic materials chemistry	Chemistry, Pharma
16	Chemical engineering	Process engineering and special equipment
17	Surface technology, coating	Process engineering and special equipment
18	Materials, metallurgy	Process engineering and special equipment
19	Materials processing, textiles & paper	Process engineering and special equipment
20	Handling, printing	Process engineering and special equipment
21	Agricultural and food processing, machinery and apparatus	Process engineering and special equipment
22	Environmental technology	Process engineering and special equipment
23	Machine tools	Mechanical engineering and machinery
24	Engines, pumps and turbines	Mechanical engineering and machinery
25	Thermal processes and apparatus	Mechanical engineering and machinery
26	Mechanical elements	Mechanical engineering and machinery
27	Transport	Mechanical engineering and machinery
28	Space technology, weapons	Mechanical engineering and machinery
29	Consumer goods and equipment	Mechanical engineering and machinery
30	Civil engineering, building and mining	Mechanical engineering and machinery