Dependability of Software and Service as a Key Issue to realize Ubiquitous Networking Society

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Ubiquitous networking society becomes close to reality
Progress toward a Ubiquitous NW Society

Expansion of e-business markets
- Net trading
  - Internet securities
  - Net auctions
- Expansion of mobile commerce

Diversification of communications
- Rapid growth of blog and SNS users
- Use of rich contents

Increase in network traffic
- Rapid penetration of Broadband environment
- Rapid growth of data traffic to/from mobile terminals

Compliance
- Laws on electronic documents
- Privacy protection
- Japanese SOX act

New integrated services
- Coordination of communication and financial business
  - Mobile wallets
- The fusion of communications and broadcasts

New information sources
- RFIDs
- GPS
- Digital home appliances

Individuals

Companies

Society
NEC’s activities toward Embedded solution domains

Provides embedded solutions with total power of Devices and Software in domains such as Automobile, Cellular phone, Digital appliance.

*Felica: Trade Mark of SONY
Acceleration of New Collaboration using Multi-functionality of embedded software

- New business models for collaboration among different industries using ubiquitous terminals
- Provision of convenient services through collaboration

Train Stations and Airports
- Electric ticket, Boarding pass

Retail stores
- (Cyber cash, Digital coupon)
- Payment, ads

Rechargeable
- using a credit card or bank account debit

Online settlement
- (Electric Money)
- online shopping

Mobile Suica (Mobile wallet)

*Suica: Trade Mark of JR EAST
Examples of embedded software (Japan)

Embedded software size becomes larger and larger, especially in automobile, cell phone and digital appliances.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Automobile</th>
<th>Cellular Phone</th>
<th>Digital appliances</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Environment, safety &amp; comfort</td>
<td>Value added features &amp; user friendliness</td>
<td>Entertainment &amp; security</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Software Size*1</th>
<th>Software Size*2</th>
<th>Software(DVD) Size*3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1ML 2000 5~10ML 5X in 5 years</td>
<td>1ML 2001 5~8ML 5X in 5 years</td>
<td>0.2ML 2002 1.8ML 9X in 3 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

※1: ref. The Nikkei Business Daily 14/6/2005, etc
※2: NEC’s estimation
Embedded software market size is currently 35B US$ and continuously growing with CAGR 14% (Include in-house & outsource development)
Commoditization in product domains from a software viewpoint

Automobile and digital appliance domains, where embedded software becomes huge, are in **developing period** in market and technology.

Products are value-added by embedded software.
Broader use of embedded software causes the increase of system troubles

Quality problems caused by software become marked, mainly due to rapid increase of embedded software size and complexity

< Cases of embedded software failures (Japan) >

- **Company A: Cell phone (May 2005)**
  Not displaying the incoming call history when pushing termination key in succession. Unable to overwrite software when users do a certain action during updating software.

- **Company B: Automobile (Oct. 2005)**
  Defect of engine ECU program stops the engine while vehicle is moving (160 thousands cars)

- **Company C: HDD & DVD recorder (Jul. 2006)**
  Display becomes blacked out while watching TV through the tuner of the recorder.

- **Company D: Automatic ticket gate (Oct. 2007)**
  Automatic termination works when information of invalid IC cards satisfies certain conditions. (Affects 2.6 million people)

< Ratio of defects after shipment >

![Pie chart showing the ratio of defects after shipment.](chart)

- **Software** 43.8%
- **Product plan, specification** 17.9%
- **Manufacturing** 12.7%
- **Hardware** 16.9%
- **Operations, Maintenance** 3.7%
- **Others** 5.0%

Study result of cause-specific defects in embedded product domain by METI (IPA)

Source: Nikkei Sangyo Newspaper 19 Nov. 2007
Nikkei computer 29 Oct. 2007, Web sites of some companies, etc.

Source: IPA FY2007 Study report of embedded software industries
Importance of Embedded Software and it’s dependability

- Everyone can access information network environment anytime and anywhere by using handy terminals, cell phone, and other appliances in the society.

- Role of embedded software becomes more and more important
  - Software on those terminals and equipments becomes large in size and involves many highly-sophisticated functions.
  - Software bugs may cause serious troubles and accidents.
  - Usability is also an important issue to make it usable for everyone and to avoid human errors.

- To realize real ubiquitous networking society, dependability and human-centricity are key issues for embedded software design and development.
Critical social infrastructures are highly depending on ICT
Further progress of Critical Infrastructure

- IT and network establish new social infrastructure.
- They will accelerate real-time distributions of money, commerce, commodity and information across countries, institutions and companies.

Real-time distributions of money, commerce, commodity and information
The importance of software is remarkably increasing in constructing and operating critical infrastructures such as utility systems, road/railroad system, telecommunication, logistics, medical care and etc.

Total system quality and performance are highly depending on those of software.

In specific vertical domain such as aerospace, defense and other areas affecting people’s lives, super high dependability is required to the systems.
Some serious system troubles caused by software bugs and human operation error are reported. Those troubles influence so many people’s everyday lives, and the amount of societal loss sometimes become so large.

Dependability including human operator aspect and social aspect is a key factor to design and develop secure and reliable systems.
Changes in Software Businesses based on changes in Technologies
Solution Services provided through Cloud computing

Hardware Cloud

Desktop Cloud

Services Cloud

Solution Cloud

user community (+ marketplace)

vendor services (SaaS Cloud + α)

Partner services (Hardware Cloud + α)

Cloud Computing

Existing system

Web2.0

BI2.0

Gadget

Enterprise mashup

Digital cockpit

Enterprise IT

Out of office

Office

Home

Access

Access

Access

User

Partner

Collaboration

communication

Enterprise mashup
From Outsourcing to SaaS

- Proportion of common use increases
- Number of tenants per a certain capacity of infrastructure increases

Conventional system

Outsourcing

ASP

SaaS

PaaS

Specific data and functions

Common parts

Giant companies

Big companies

Small and medium companies

Common usage increase

Operation outsourcing

Each company use common infrastructure

SaaS providers and PaaS providers are separated.

PaaS: Platform as a Service

Own IT infrastructure by itself.

Data center

Common parts

PaaS

Small and medium companies
Dependability is also critical in creating services

• Services are realized and provided with combination of service elements such as SOA and Mash-Up
  - Dependability of each service elements and their interoperability are so critical to establish the dependability of total services
  - Service value is decided through the interaction between service providers and receivers

• The following innovative technologies are so important
  - Metrics for dependability of services including human and social factors
  - Technologies to build up services according to the expected dependability
How to design and develop dependable software

- Formal method is a direction to solve the issue -
Dependability, Formal methods and CxC (Correctness by Construction)

Formal method is one of the core technologies to achieve dependability

Dependability

- Safety
- Reliability
- Security
- Availability
- Integrity
- Maintainability

Primary technical factors for CxC

CxC related systemized technologies

- Requirement Analysis
- Architecture Design
- MDA (Model Driven Architecture)
- Reengineering
What is Formal methods?

Collective term for techniques based on mathematics (logic, set theory, algebra), which describe and verify system and/or software rigorously and accurately.

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<th>Design methods</th>
<th>Mathematics</th>
<th>Domain knowledge</th>
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<tr>
<td>• No execution</td>
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<td>• No test data</td>
<td>• Depends on test data</td>
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<tr>
<td>• Able to re-use design</td>
<td>• Back to previous phase by Defects</td>
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Contrasting characteristics:

- Need execution
- Target: program
- Depends on test data
- Back to previous phase by Defects
- Hard to re-use design

Testing:

- Equivalence partitioning
- Boundary-value analysis
- Decision table
- Cause-result graph

Dependability:

- Formal methods
  - Formal description
  - Theorem proving
  - Model checking
  - Tools

- Testing

Complementary:
Research trend of Formal methods

- From proving to error-finding; Light-weight Formal Methods
  - Emerged from the evolution of model checking
  - Find inherent errors in design descriptions and programs by automatic verification

Rigorous Formal Methods → Formal Methods Light

Change towards practical use → Light-weight Formal Methods


- Pursue automation with sacrifice of expressiveness
- Supposing full application in all development phases
  → Not practical

- Pursue expressiveness with sacrifice of automation
- Systematic detection of defects (Auto check) → High automation rate
  Model checking, program checker, ...

- Clear design specification by rigorous language (Formal specification)
  Domain model, Design assets, Standard documents, ...

Guarantee no errors with mathematical proofs (Formal verification)

Strong relationship

Trade off between expressiveness and automation

Ultimate dream

Systematic development with verifying correctness (Correctness by Construction)

Source: Material of NEC
internal seminar by
Prof. Nakajima of NII
Source code Verification Tool for C: VARVEL

- **Statically** detect typical run-time error for C from source code.
- With **bounded model checking**, check variable values and paths **exhaustively**.
- Currently in practical in-house use for commercial product software.

**VARVEL**

- Assumption Approximation
- Control flow graph
- Control flow graph
- Program analysis
- Static analysis techniques similarly used in compilers
- Model Checking
  - Exhaustive search
  - (Execution) Path to result in error.
- Counter examples
- Post processing
  - List of results.
  - Trace for each error.
  - Trace working with source code viewer.
  - No test programs.
  - No test data.

Source files in C

List of results.
Trace for each error.
Trace working with source code viewer.

No test programs.
No test data.
No errors

```c
int array[] = {1,2,3,4,5};
int* p = array; // Set variable address
p = p + 4; // Pointer arithmetic
*p = 4; // OK
```

Errors detected

```c
void setPointerNull( int** pp ){
    *pp = NULL;
}

void foo(){
    int* p;
    setPointerNull( &p );
    *p = 0; // NG; NULL pointer dereferencing
}

int* p = malloc(10); // Dynamic memory
if(p) free(p);
*p = 0; // NG; Freed pointer dereferencing
```

Inter-procedural analysis is supported.

Pointer arithmetic is handled.

Dynamic memory management is handled.
Display verification results on Eclipse (Open source IDE).
- Selection of result list or trace changes editor and variable view.
- Highlight related trace-steps for specified variable on trace view.
VARVEL: it’s effectiveness and future direction

- Application of model checking to source code is useful.
  - Effective as typical bug detection tool
    - Able to detect bugs which skipped through review and testing.
  - After model-checking, developers can concentrate on functional review and testing. (No review / testing for careless mistakes)

- Plan to promote assertion programming with VARVEL.
  - Enhance accuracy, performance and scalability of typical bug detection.
  - Detect violations of assertion (pre/post-conditions, invariant, etc.).

- NEC group uses VARVEL in-house and achieves quality improvement of software products. Application of model checking to source code is now at practical level. Next challenge will be using formal methods for design.
Summary

➢ To realize ubiquitous networking society, software and service will become more and more important

➢ The importance of dependability concept is described from three viewpoints, i.e., embedded software, critical infrastructure, and service creation and interoperability

➢ Possibility of formal method was introduced as an example to achieve dependable software development

Dependability of software and service including human and social aspects is a key issues for software and service innovation. More discussion and activities are required to in this area.